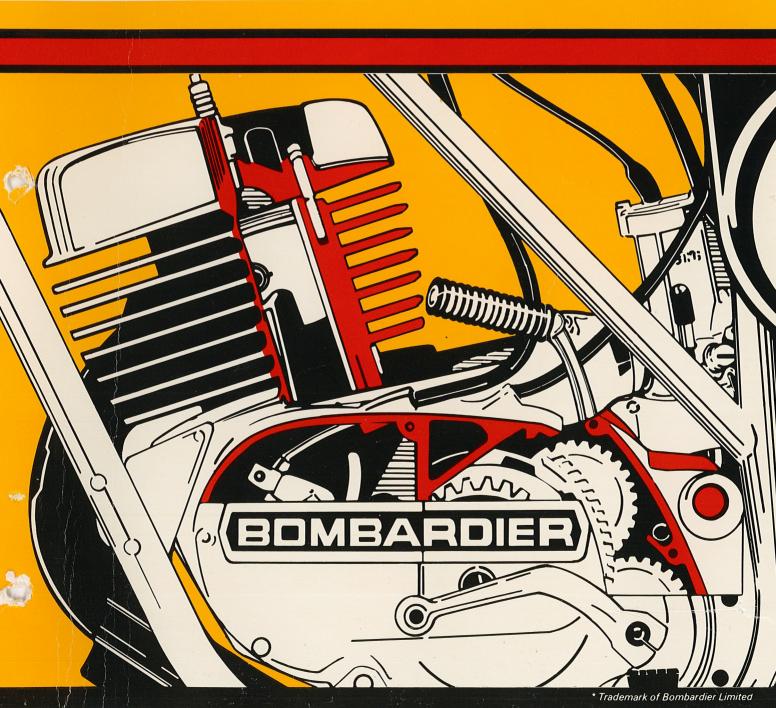


1975-1976

# SIOP MANUAL SUPPLEMENT







# **SAFETY NOTICE**

This manual has been prepared as a guide to correctly service and repair the Can-Am motorcycle.

This edition was primarily published to be used by motorcycle mechanics who are, in general, already familiar with all service procedures relating to Bombardier made motorcycles.

Please note that the instructions will apply only if proper hand tools and special service tools are used.

Strict adherence to the information within will result in better, safer service work.

This manual emphasizes particular information denoted by the wording and symbols;

- WARNING: Identifying an instruction which, if not followed, could cause personal injury.
- CAUTION: Denotes an instruction which, if not followed, could severely damage vehicle components.
- NOTE: Indicates supplementary information needed to fully complete an instruction.

Although the mere reading of such information does not eliminate the hazard, your understanding of the information will promote its correct use.

WARNING: This information relates to the preparation and use of Can-Am motorcycles and has been utilized safely and effectively by Bombardier Limited. However, Bombardier Limited disclaims liability for all damages and / or injuries resulting from the improper use of the contents. We strongly recommend that any services be carried out and / or verified by a highly skilled professional mechanic. It is understood that certain modifications may render use of the vehicle illegal under existing federal, provincial and state regulations.

# **FOREWORD**

### THE CAN-AM MOTORCYCLE SHOP MANUAL

As a supplement edition, this manual covers only procedures and information, relating to the 1975-76 production series of Can-Am motorcycles, which differ from those stated in the 1973-74 Can-Am shop manual.

# **ILLUSTRATIONS AND PROCEDURES**

An exploded view is conveniently located as close as possible to the written procedures and is meant to assist the user in identifying parts and components. When something special applies (such as adjustment, torques etc.) the specific parts are circled and referred to in the text.

As many of the procedures in this manual are interrelated, we suggest that before undertaking any task, you read and thoroughly understand the entire section in which the procedure is contained. A number of procedures throughout the book require the use of special tools. Before commencing any procedure be sure to have on hand all of the tools required, or approved equivalents.

### **GENERAL**

All of the information, illustrations and component / system descriptions contained in this manual are correct at time of publication. Bombardier Limited, however, maintains a policy of continuous improvement of its products without imposing upon itself any obligation to install them on products previously manufactured.

This manual has been published by the

TECHNICAL INFORMATION CENTRE SERVICE DEPARTMENT BOMBARDIER LIMITED VALCOURT, QUÉBEC, CANADA

# (Sub-Section 1-2)

# **VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION**

The Vehicle Identification Number, commonly known as the "VIN", is a 10 digit number that will identify the motorcycle as shown:

**Example:** In 1975, Can-Am Division of Bombardier produced a 175cc T'NT model motorcycle that was the 761st unit of that production schedule. The "VIN" would be

|  | 5851 | 000761 |
|--|------|--------|
| 1st digit indicates: ————————————————————————————————————        | -    |        |
| 2nd digit indicates:————————————————————————————————————         | ᅦ    |        |
| 3rd digit indicates: Engine displacement                         |      |        |
| 4th digit indicates:————————————————————————————————————         |      |        |
| Remaining 6 digits indicate:———————————————————————————————————— |      |        |

The "VIN" is required:

- a) When motorcycle is registered.
- b) For warranty claim processing.
- c) For ordering spare parts.

|           | NOTE: Always quote all    | 10 | digits | when | referring |
|-----------|---------------------------|----|--------|------|-----------|
| $\bigcup$ | to "VIN" or serial number |    |        |      |           |

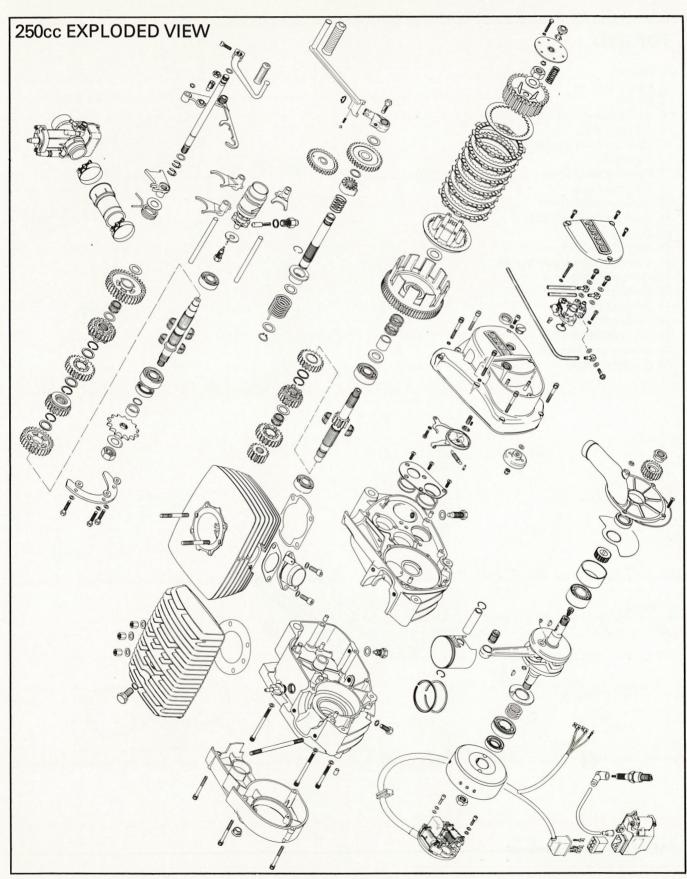
The Can-Am "VIN" will change according to year, displacement and model as shown.

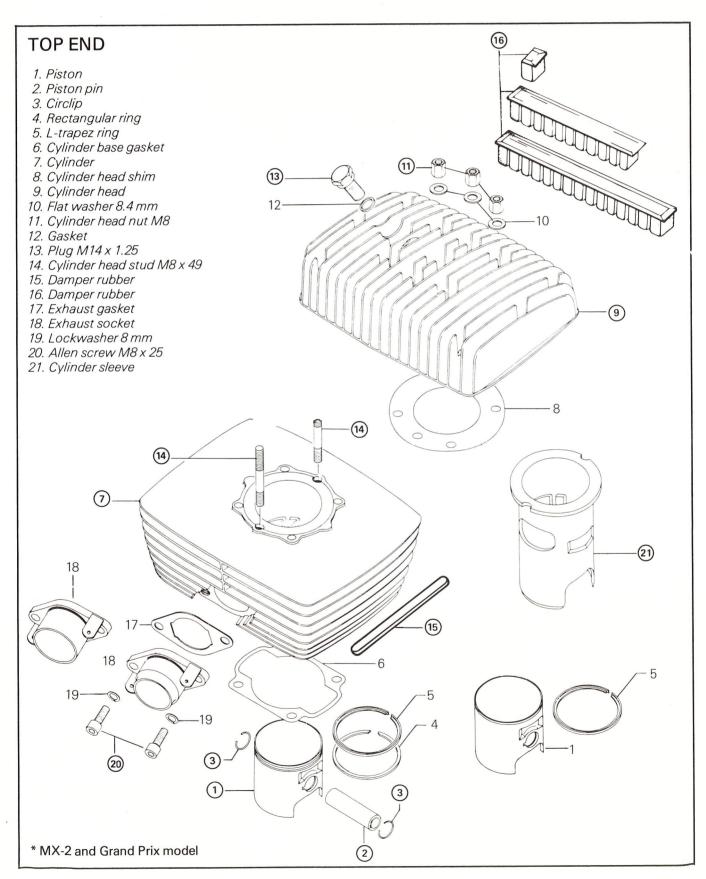
| ENGINE DISPLACEMENT (3rd digit)  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1       Up to 50cc         2       51 to 80cc         3       81 to 100cc         4       101 to 125cc         5       126 to 200cc         6       201 to 250cc         7       251 to 350cc         8       351 to 500cc         9       501 to 750cc         0       751 to 1000 open |  |  |  |  |  |

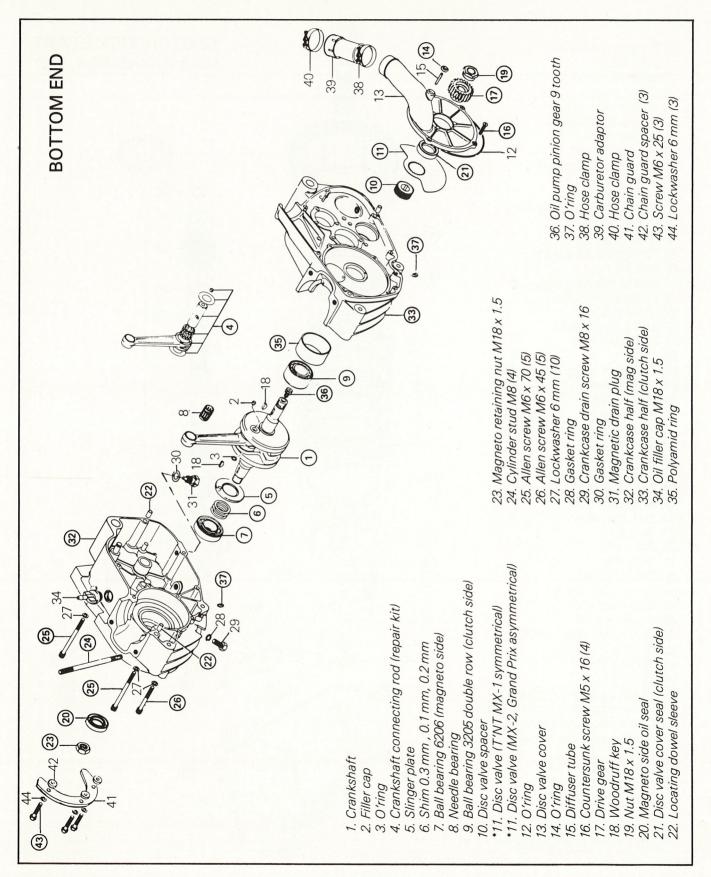
| 1975-76          |          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| MODEL TYPE (4th  | digit)   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| T'NT             |          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Road Bike        |          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motocross MX-1   |          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motocross MX-2 a | nd up.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Enduro           |          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                  | (        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reserved for     |          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| future models    | <b>1</b> |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                  |          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motocross (GP).  |          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

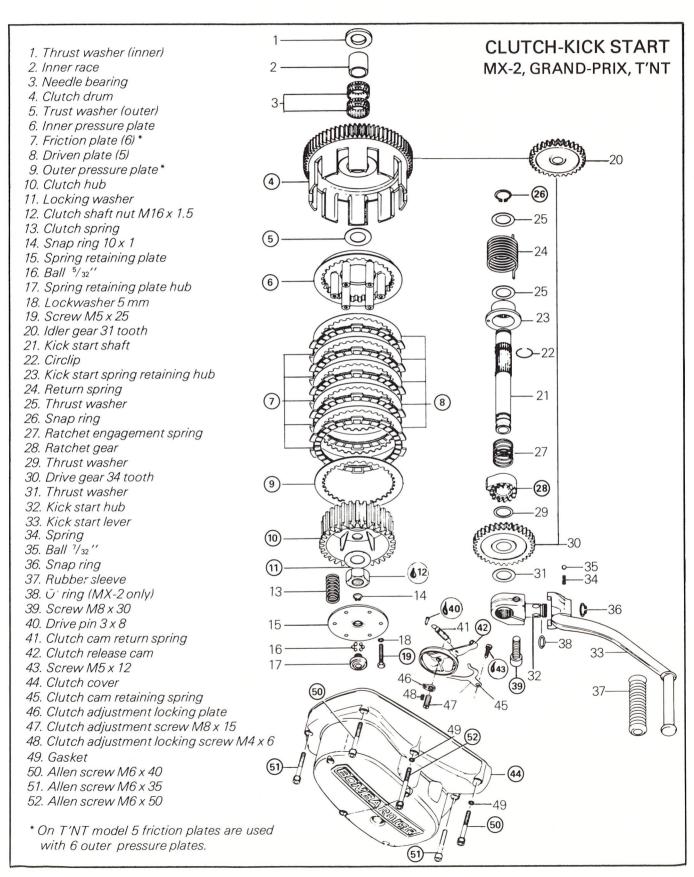
- 1. The "VIN" is stamped on the steering head.
- 2. The engine identification number is stamped on the right side of the rear mount boss.
- 3. The engine displacement is stamped on the left side of the cylinder between the two bottom cooling fins.











# **OIL PUMP** (19) (3) 20 21 16 22 \*25 (23) (15) (5) (11) 9 (10) 9 (13) (13) 4 18) 12 26 12 6 (7) (19) (14) 27)

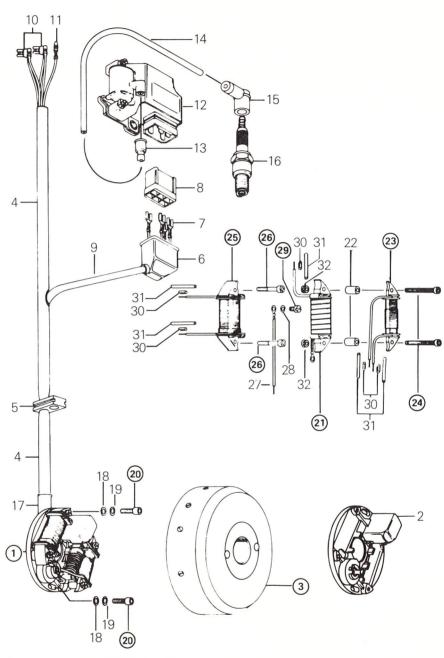
- 1. Clutch cover
- 2. Cable adjuster
- 3. Kick start shaft seal
- 4. O'ring
- 5. Oil pump ass'y
- 6. Lockwasher 5 mm
- 7. Screw Ni5 x 16
- 8. Screw M5 x 28
- 9. Flat washer 6.2 mm

- 10. Oil pump gear 34T
- 11. Hex nut M6
- 12. Oil banjo gasket
- 13. Banjo
- 14. Banjo bolt 15. Oil pump fixation
- 16. Gasket
- 17. Allen screw M6 x 50
- 18. Allen screw M6 x 35

- 19. Allen screw M6 x 40
- 20. Fiber gasket
- 21. Oil level plug
- 22. Adjustment plug
- 23. Oil line 560 mm
- 24. Oil line 90 mm
- 25. Screw M6 x 10
- 26. Oil pump cover
- 27. Allen screw M5 x 12

<sup>\*</sup> MX-2 and Grand Prix models only

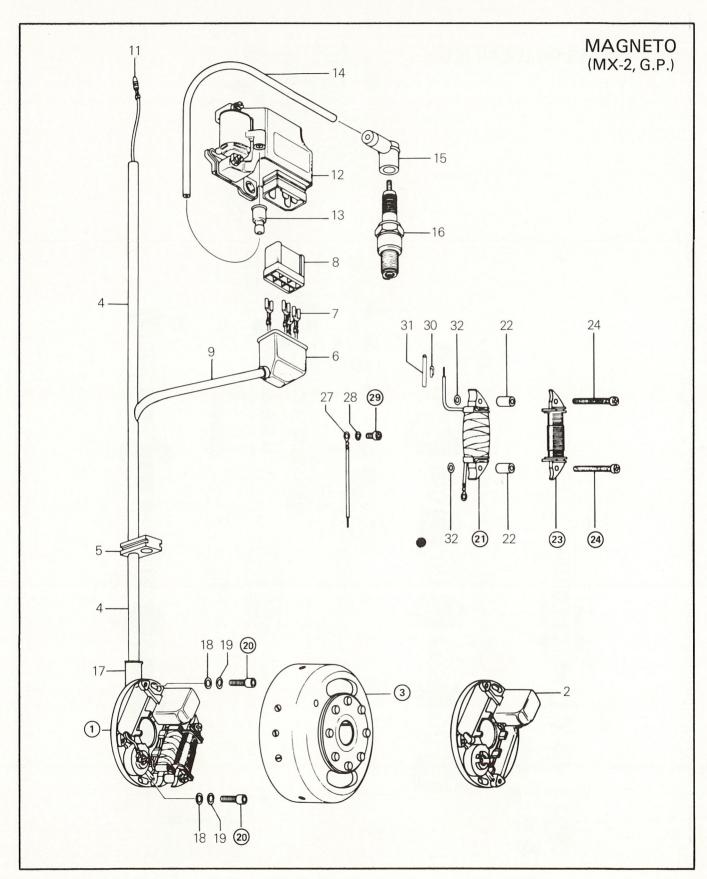
# MAGNETO (T'NT, MX-1)

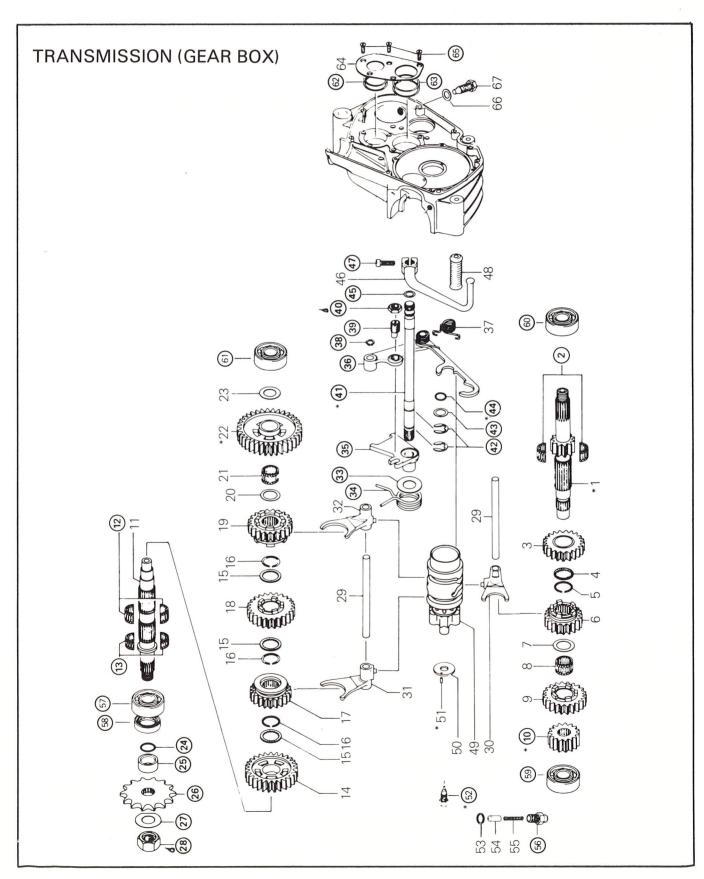


- 1. Stator plate ass'y
- 2. Trigger plate
- 3. Flywheel
- 4. Protection hose (400 mm)
- 5. Cable grommet
- 6. Protection boot
- 7. Straight tab receptacle
- 8. Connetor
- 9. Protection hose (185 mm)
- 10. Flag receptacle
- 11. Contact pin

- 12. Electronic box
- 13. Protection cap
- 14. Ignition cable 400 mm
- 15. Spark plug protector
- 16. Spark plug
- 17. Holder
- 18. Flat washer 5.3 mm
- 19. Lockwasher 5 mm
- 20. Allen screw M5 x 16
- 21. Charging coil
- 22. Distance sleeve 10.5 mm

- 23. Brake light coil
- 24. Screw M4 x 28
- 25. Lighting coil
- 26. Screw M4 x 22
- 27. Ring tongue M4
- 28. Lockwasher 4 mm
- 29. Screw M4 x 6
- 30. Splice connector
- 31. Protector tube
- 32. Washer 4.3 mm





- 1. Clutch shaft 13 tooth (Grand-Prix, MX-2, MX-1) Clutch shaft 11 tooth (T'NT)
  - 2. Needle bearing ass'y, clutch shaft, width 11.68 mm (.460")
  - 3. 4th gear, clutch shaft, 21T.
  - 4. Thrust washer, clutch shaft
  - 5. Snap ring, clutch shaft
  - 6. 3rd gear, clutch shaft, 18T.
  - 7. Thrust washer, clutch shaft
  - 8. Needle bearing, clutch shaft
  - 9. 5th gear, clutch shaft, 23T.
- \*10. 2nd gear, clutch shaft, 16T. (Grand-Prix, MX-2, MX-1)
- 10. 2nd gear, clutch shaft, 15T. (T'NT)
- 11. Main shaft
- 12. Needle bearing ass'y main shaft width 12.55 mm (.494'')
- 13. Needle bearing ass'y main shaft width 9.65 mm (.380")
- 14. 2nd gear, main shaft, 28T.
- 15. Thrust washer, main shaft
- 16. Snap ring, main shaft
- 17. 5th gear, main shaft, 21T.
- 18. 3rd gear, main shaft, 25T.
- 19. 4th gear, main shaft 23T.
- 20. Thrust washer, main shaft
- 21. Needle bearing, main shaft
- \*22. 1st gear, main shaft, 31T (MX-1, MX-2, Grand-Prix) 1st gear, main shaft, 32T (T'NT)
- 23. Thrust washer, main shaft
- 24. "O" ring, main shaft
- 25. Sprocket spacer
- 26. Sprocket
- 27. Locking washer, main shaft
- 28. Main shaft nut M16 x 1.5
- 29. Guide pin, shift fork
- 30. Shifting fork, 4-5 th
- 31. Shifting fork, 2nd
- 32. Shifting fork, 1st-3rd
- 33. Thrust washer, actuating lever

- 34. Spring, actuating lever
- 35. Actuating lever
- 36. Pawl ass'v
- 37. Pawl spring
- 38. Snap ring 10 x 1
- 39. Pawl positioning screw
- 40. Locking nut M12 x 1, pawl positioning screw
- \*41. Shift shaft without "O" ring (MX-1, T'NT engine up to serial no 72856)
  - Shift shaft with "O" ring (MX-2, Grand-Prix and T'NT engine serial no. 72856 and up)
- 42. Retaining ring
- 43. Thrust washer, shift shaft
- 44. "O" ring, shift shaft (MX-2, Grand Prix and T'NT engine serial no. 72857 and up only)
- 45. ''O'' ring, shift shaft 46. Shift lever
- 47. Allen screw M6 x 20
- 48. Shift lever rubber
- 49. Shift drum ass'y
- 50. Fiber washer, shift drum
- \*51. Dowel pin, shift drum (MX-1, T'NT)
- \*52. Neutral indicator contact screw (MX-1, T'NT)
- 53. Gasket ring, index plug
- 54. Index plunger
- 55. Spring, index plunger
- 56. Index plua
- 57. Ball bearing 6204, main shaft, sprocket side
- 58. Seal main shaft
- 59. Ball bearing 6203, clutch shaft, sprocket side
- 60. Ball bearing 6204, clutch shaft, clutch side
- 61. Ball bearing 6203, main shaft, clutch side
- 62. Shim 0.5 mm, 0.3 mm. 0.1 mm. main shaft bearing
- 63. Shim 0.5 mm, 0.3 mm, 0.1 mm, clutch shaft bearing
- 64. Retaining plate (transmission bearings)
- 65. Countersunk screw M5 x 16
- 66. Gasket ring
- 67. Stop screw, kick starter

### **REMOVAL**

Disconnect or remove the following from vehicle if applicable:

Oil line (block the oil flow with a short piece of ¼" I.D. tubing and 6 mm bolts).

Vent tubes

Neutral switch wire (on T'NT only)

Magneto cover

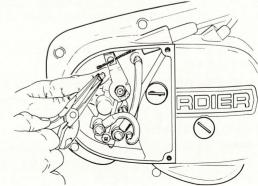
Spark plug

Drive chain

Skid plate

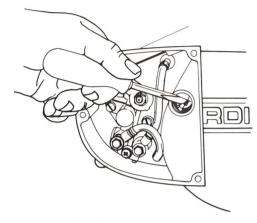
Exhaust pipe

Carburetor Litho'd in Canada Oil pump cable (Remove the oil pump cover, rotate the oil pump control lever clockwise to disengage the cable and pull the split nipple out).



Front engine mounts and stud.

Clutch cable (Remove the clutch cable from the handlebar lever. Remove the clutch cable access plug. Pull the cable outer casing away from the clutch cover. Push the inner cable inside the cover until its tip is visible through the installation hole, with a screwdriver, disengage it from the clutch release arm and pull it out of the cover).



Lower engine stud and spacers.

Swing arm pivot bolt (note the number of shim / s on the inside swing arm pivot flanges).

Pull the engine upward and forward and withdraw it from the frame through the magneto side.

### **DISASSEMBLY & ASSEMBLY**

NOTE: Refer to Technical Data for component fitted tolerance and wear limit.

### Top End



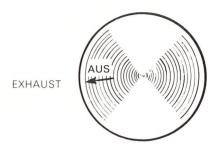
- ①① ② ② At the replacement of the piston, cylinder, cylinder head and cylinder sleeve, the squish area should be remeasured (See technical data).
- 123 Place a clean cloth over crankcase to prevent circlips from falling into crankcase then use a pointed tool to remove circlips from piston.

Drive the piston pin in or out using a suitable drive punch and hammer.

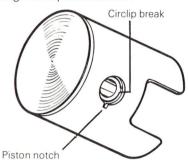


CAUTION: When tapping piston pin in or out of piston, hold piston firmly in place to eliminate the possibilities of transmitting shock and pressure to the connecting rod.

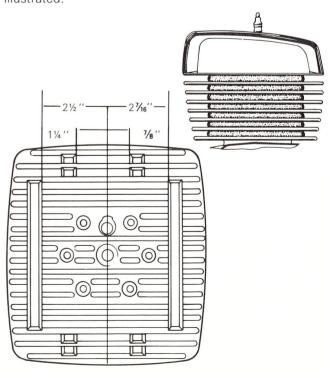
At assembly, place the piston over the connecting rod with the letters AUS, over an arrow on the piston dome, facing direction of the exhaust port.



Once the circlips are installed, turn each circlip so that the circlip break is not directly in line with piston notch. Using very fine emery cloth, remove any burrs on piston caused through circlip installation.



- (9) (1) At assembly, torque to 1.9 kg-m (14 ft-lbs) following a criss-cross sequence.
- (3) At assembly, torque to 2.8 kg-m (20 ft-lbs).
- (4) At assembly, screw the short threaded portion of the stud into the cylinder.
- (6) (6) If replaced, noise dampers should be installed as illustrated



- 20 At assembly, torque to 2.1 kg-m (15 ft-lbs).
- ②Cylinder sleeve should be replaced whenever its inside diameter becomes .006" (0.15 mm) or more larger than a new 3rd oversize piston.

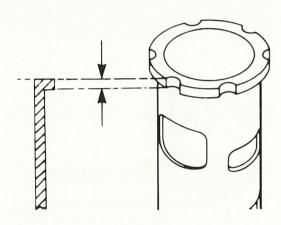
Proceed as follows:

NOTE: This procedure is also applicable for the 125cc and 175cc engine. Place the cylinder in a range oven for 30 minutes, at a temperature of 200° C (350° F) maximum

Place the new cylinder sleeve in a freezer for one hour minimum.

Support cylinder barrel upside down and press out old cylinder sleeve using a suitable pusher.

Measure the thickness of the old liner top flange and if necessary, machine the new liner flange to the same measurement.



Inspect cylinder barrel, remove any grooves or scratches. Clean away any dirt or carbon.

Re-heat cylinder barrel in range oven for 30 minutes at a temperature of 200° C (350° F) maximum.

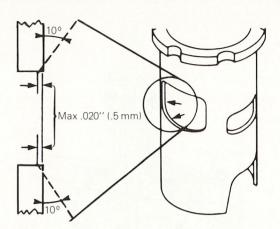
Immediately align chilled cylinder sleeve with hot cylinder, drop into place from top side making sure to align the exhaust port of the sleeve with the one of the cylinder barrel. To ease alignment, leave two cylinder studs in the cylinder.

NOTE: Only 3-4 seconds maximum are needed before cylinder cools sufficiently to grip onto sleeve.

Bore the new sleeve to provide piston clearance of:

|        | Minimum          | Maximum          |
|--------|------------------|------------------|
| 125cc: | .06 mm (.0024'') | .076 mm (.003'') |
| 175cc: | .07 mm (.0028'') | .076 mm (.003'') |
| 250cc: | .08 mm (.0032'') | .09 mm (.0035'') |

Using a rotary file or jeweler's hand file, chamfer the sharp edges of each port  $10^{\circ}$ , to a width of .5 mm (.020'').



CAUTION: Excessive chamfer will alter port timing.

Gap new ring / s to provide:

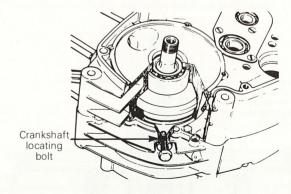
|        | Minimum         | Maximum         |
|--------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 125cc: | .20 mm (.008'') | .35 mm (.014'') |
| 175cc: | .25 mm (.010'') | .40 mm (.016'') |
| 250cc: | .30 mm (.012'') | .46 mm (.018'') |

Make sure to check squish area measurement during assembly (see Technical Data).

### **Bottom End**

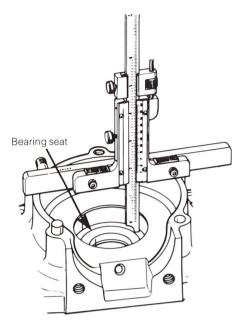
① ④ ③ 3 At the replacement of the crankshaft, connecting rod and crankcase halves, the squish area should be remeasured (see Technical Data).

13 To facilitate some procedures, the crankshaft can be locked at the top dead center position using a crankshaft locating bolt as illustrated.

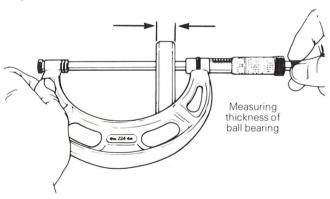


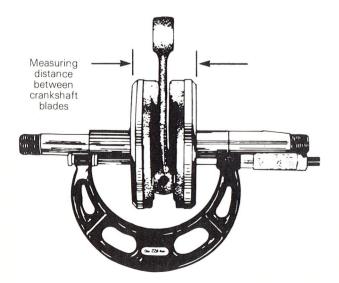
① ⑥ Crankshaft end-play should be between 0.025 mm (.001") to 0.3 mm (.012"). To determine necessary shims:

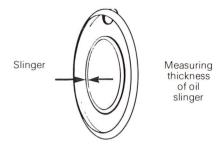
Measure crankcase. To do this first measure each half from mating surface to bottom of bearing seat. Add measurements of both halves, total equals A.



Measure thickness of each ball bearing. Measure distance between crankshaft blades, and measure the thickness of the oil slinger. Add measurements. Total equals B.





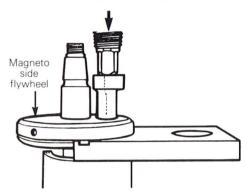


Substract measurement B from measurement A, minus tolerance of 0.025 (.001") to 0.3 mm (.012"). Total balance is distance to be shimed. Shim(s) must be located between oil slinger plate and bearing.

NOTE: Crankshaft end-play is adjusted only when crankshaft and / or crankcase is replaced.

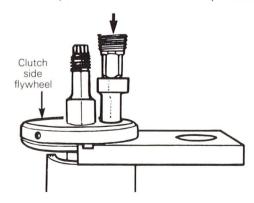
4 To replace the connecting rod proceed as follows:

Mount the crankshaft assembly in jig and press the crankpin out of the magneto side flywheel.



Remove the connecting rod and the bearing.

Press the crankpin out of the clutch side flywheel.

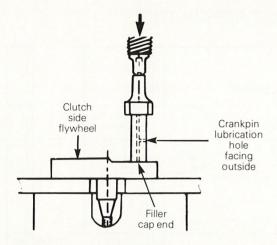


Press the new crankpin into the clutch side flywheel. Crankpin lubrication hole must point to the outside.

NOTE: The crankpin must enter the bore straight to prevent damage to the bore and/or the crankpin.



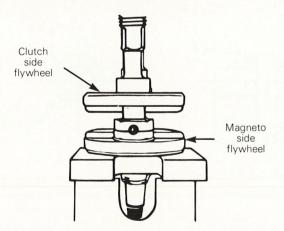
CAUTION: The end of the crankpin with the filler cap must be installed in the clutch side flywheel.



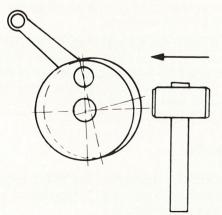
Fit the connecting rod and the bearing into place with light grease.

Place the magneto side flywheel on the jig. Align the clutch side flywheel with the magneto side flywheel and press the crankpin (with rod assembly) into magneto side flywheel.

NOTE: The connecting rod side clearance must be .25 mm (.010") to .43 mm (.017")

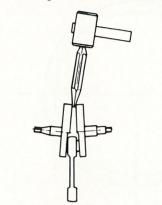


Using a "straight edge", check for flywheel alignment. Drift with a heavy brass mallet to align if necessary.

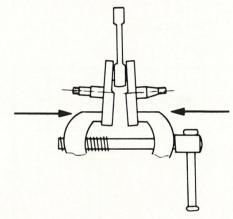


Using a micrometer or vernier caliper, check for flywheel alignment.

Use a wedge to correct this situation



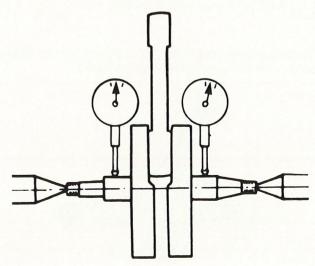
Use a clamp or vise to correct this situation



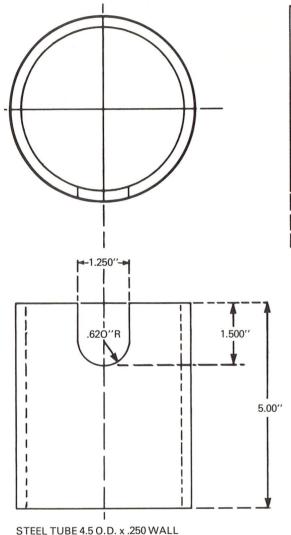
NOTE: For final alignment measures, see technical data.

When overall alignment is completed, verify connecting rod side clearance.

NOTE: Make a final alignment check using a dial indicator.

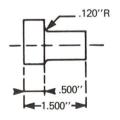


# SUGGESTED CRANKSHAFT REPAIR TOOL



1.500" 1.620" 4.500" 2.250" 2.250" 3.750" 5.00"

H.R. ST'L PLATE 4 1/2 " x .625" THICK

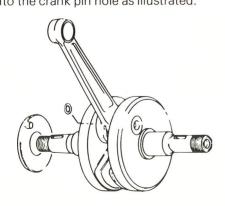


.687 ø

H.R.C.Q. ST'L 1.250" DIA.

(5) At assembly, insert the "O" ring and the oil slinger spout into the crank pin hole as illustrated.

NOTE: All values are in inches.



72 Heat is needed to remove or install the magneto side bearing of the crankcase.



CAUTION: Always apply heat to remove or install a bearing into the crankcase. Failure to apply heat may result in metal being drawn out of the bearing to crankcase contact surface, thus causing a loose fit within the crankcase.

Proceed as follows:

### Disassembly



WARNING: Grand-Prix and MX-2 engines have magnesium crankcase. Magnesium must be heated with great care.

Using a butane torch with a large soft flame, heat the magneto side crankcase with 4 or 5 rapid circular passes.

With the engine upright on a bench top, hold the HOT magneto side crankcase (with a rag), and drift the crankshaft out of the crankcase using a SOFT hammer.

# Reassembly

Cut a 50 mm (2") diameter disc out of asbestos material.

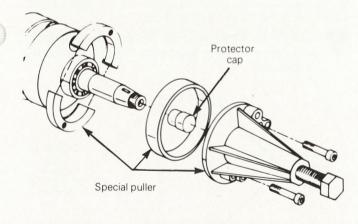
Grease the magneto side crankshaft oil seal with lithium grease.

Place the disc over the crankshaft oil seal to protect it from the flame.

Heat the crankcase as described above.

Quickly remove the seal protector disc and drift the crankshaft, complete with main bearing, into the crankcase using a **SOFT** hammer.

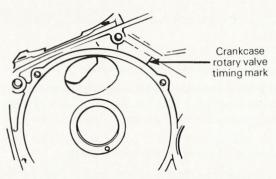
(7) To remove bearing from crankshaft use bearing puller as illustrated. (See tool section).



NOTE: Prior to magneto side bearing installation, install oil slinger plate, required shim(s) and bearing on crankshaft.

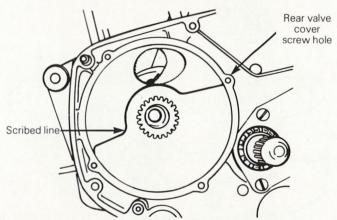
At assembly, place bearings in an oil container and heat the oil to 93° C (200° F) for 5 to 10 min. This will expand the bearings and permit them to slide easily onto the shaft.

- At assembly, the chamfered side of the disc valve spacer must face towards the crankshaft.
- ① On T'NT and MX-1 models the disc valve is symmetrical and can be installed either way but the leading edge must be aligned with the timing mark on the crank-case, with the crankshaft locked at top dead center (T.D.C.).



On MX-2 and Grand-Prix models the disc is asymmetrical and can only be installed one way. The valve cutaway must align with the line scribed on the crankcase disc valve surface with the crankshaft locked at top dead center (T.D.C.)

NOTE: If the crankcase disc valve surface is not scribed, the disc leading edge must align with the top rear valve cover screw hole as illustrated.



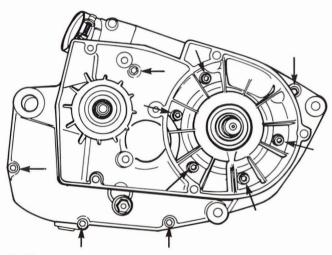
- V
  - (a) CAUTION: At the assembly of the clutch cover, make sure to install the sealing "O" ring as severe damage could occur to the engine.
- (6) At assembly, apply Loctite "Lock'n Seal" on threads and torque to .5 kg-m (4 ft-lbs).
- ① At assembly, install the crankshaft drive gear very carefully to avoid folding the seal lip over.
- (9) Prior to the installation of the crankshaft drive gear retaining nut, proceed as follows:

Clean the nut and crankshaft threads with Loctite "Kleen N' Prime" or equivalent. Apply Loctite "Lock N' Seal" or equivalent on the inside threads of the drive gear retaining nut only.

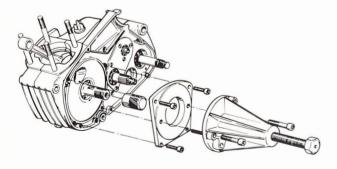


CAUTION: Do not apply Loctite Lock'n Seal on the threaded portion of the crankshaft as the drive gear could become glued to the crankshaft and damage to other engine parts could occur at the removal of the drive gear. Torque the drive gear retaining nut to 7.5-8 kg-m (54-60 ft-lbs).

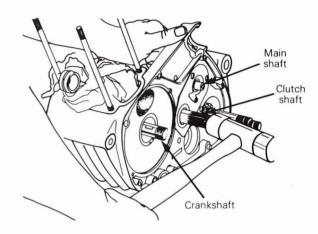
- NOTE: Allow at least one hour for the Loctite to set before starting the engine.
- ② ② To install new seals, use the appropriate oil seal insertion pusher. (See Tool section). At assembly, apply a light coat of lithium grease on the seal lips.
- ② At the joining of the crankcase halves, make sure the locating dowel sleeves are in place.
- 3 At assembly, apply Loctite Lock'n Seal on the inside threads of the magneto retaining nut and torque to 7.5-8 kg-m (55-60 ft-lbs).
- 29 At assembly, screw the long threaded portion of the stud into the crankcase.
- (3) At assembly, torque to 1.1 kg-m (8 ft-lbs) following a criss-cross sequence.



33 To split the crankcase halves, use a protective cap and puller (See Tools section).



NOTE: The crankcase halves can also be split, by tapping equally on the main shaft, clutch shaft and crankshaft. (Prior to tapping on the crankshaft make sure the oil pump pinion gear has been removed).



V

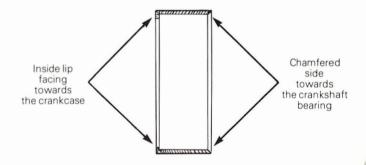
CAUTION: Do not pry between crankcase halves, as score marks incurred are detrimental to crankcase sealing.

Prior to joining the crankcase halves, clean the mating surfaces with acetone or equivalent. Apply a light coat of silicone sealant, being careful not to plug the oil passages.

39 To install a new polyamid ring use an appropriate insertion pusher (See Tools section).



CAUTION: Make sure to position the polyamid ring with the inside lip portion facing towards the crankcase.





© CAUTION: Exercise care when removing or installing the oil pump pinion gear. Damage to the teeth could occur and impair the oil pump function.



③ CAUTION: Prior to crankcase and / or clutch cover assembly, make sure to install the sealing "O" ring as severe damage could occur to the engine.

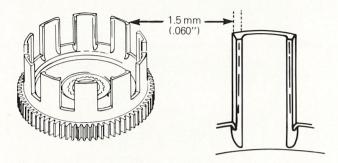
43 At assembly, torque to 1.1 kg-m (8 ft-lbs).

### Clutch and kick start

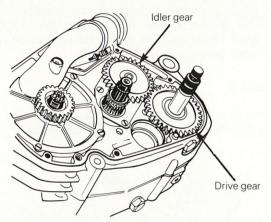
4 If the clutch drum splines are found to be severely worn. Replacement is not necessary. File the damaged spline surfaces equally.

V

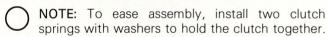
CAUTION: The shouldered wall should not be filed thinner than 1.5 mm (.060").

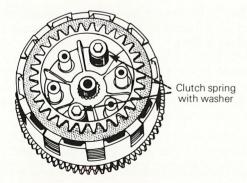


45678910 Prior to assembling the clutch hub, make sure to position the idler and drive gear as illustrated.



With the clutch plates mounted on the clutch hub, fit clutch inner pressure plate in alignment with hub splines. Carefully insert clutch hub / plate assembly into clutch drum and onto clutch shaft.

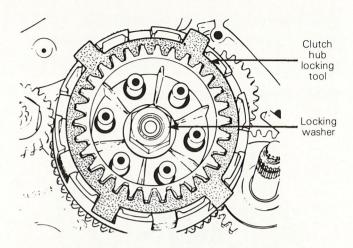






① CAUTION: Locking washer should be replaced if bent more than twice. If in doubt, replace.

<sup>12</sup>To remove clutch shaft nut, lock the crankshaft at top dead center, unbend the locking washer and lock the clutch using the clutch hub locking tool (see tool section).



At assembly, apply Loctite Lock'n Seal on the threads of the clutch shaft nut and torque to 10 kg-m (75 ft-lbs).



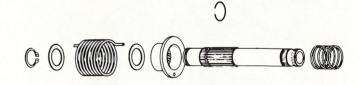
WARNING: Make sure to bend the clutch shaft nut locking washer.



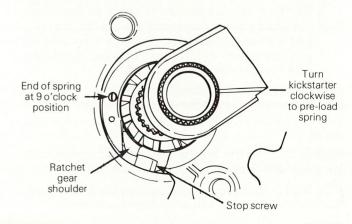
CAUTION: Do not pry on the inner pressure plate spring posts to bend the locking washer, use a pair of waterpump pliers.

(9) At assembly, torque to .5 kg-m (4 ft-lbs).

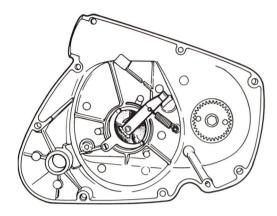
10 To remove the kick start shaft assembly from the crankcase remove the snap ring located in the inside portion of the crankcase.



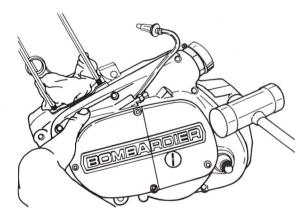
② To position ratchet gear, install the kick starter lever and preload the kick starter spring approximately ¾ turn clockwise. Slide ratchet gear onto spline. The end of the spring protruding through the retaining hub should be at the 9 o'clock position when the ratchet gear shoulder is leaning against the stop screw.



- 39 At assembly, torque to 2.1 kg-m (15 ft-lbs).
- 49 Apply Loctite Lock'n Seal and press fit into place.
- NOTE: Replace only if damaged or when replacing clutch cover.
- 42 At assembly, position as illustrated.



- 43 At assembly, apply Loctite Lock'n Seal on screw threads and torque to .5 kg-m (4 ft-lbs).
- (4) To remove the clutch cover, tap lightly using a soft faced hammer to break the seal (As illustrated).



V

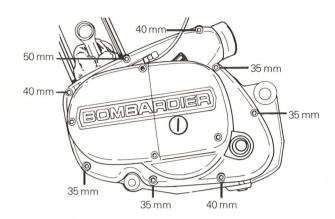
CAUTION: Do not pry between sealing surfaces, as score marks incurred are detrimental to clutch cover sealing.

NOTE: If the clutch cover is to be removed with the engine in the frame, remove the left foot peg and both levers. With clutch cable still connected, pull clutch lever in. It will then pre-load against the cover to ease removal.

At assembly, clean the mating surfaces of the crankcase and clutch cover with acetone or equivalent. Apply a light coat of silicone sealant and lightly tap cover into place.

⑤ ⑤ ② At assembly, torque the retaining screws to .8 kg-m (6 ft-lbs) following a criss-cross sequence.

NOTE: For the proper location of the clutch cover retaining screws follow illustrated sequence.

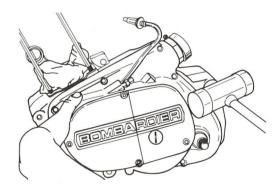




CAUTION: Make sure the kick starter oil seal lip is not flipped over by the kick starter shaft splines when pushing the clutch cover into place and that the oil pump gear meshes with the crankshaft gear. (To ensure this, rotate the crankshaft slowly while pushing clutch cover on).

# Oil pump

①To remove the clutch cover, tap lightly using a soft faced hammer to break the seal (as illustrated).





CAUTION: Do not pry between sealing surfaces, as score marks incurred are detrimental to clutch cover sealing.



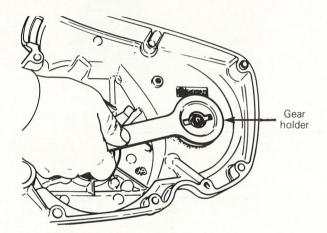
**NOTE:** If the clutch cover is to be removed with the engine in the frame, remove the left foot peg and both levers. With the clutch cable still connected, pull clutch in. It will pre-load against the cover to ease removal.

At assembly, clean the mating surfaces of the crankcase and clutch cover with acetone or equivalent. Apply a light coat of silicone sealant and lightly tap cover into place.



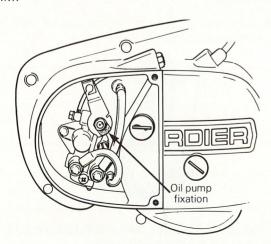
CAUTION: Make sure the kick starter oil seal lip is not flipped over by the kick starter shaft splines when pushing the clutch cover into place and that the oil pump gear meshes with the crankshaft gear (to ensure this, rotate the crankshaft slowly while pushing clutch cover on).

- ③To install a new seal into clutch cover, use an appropriate oil seal insertion pusher (see tool section).
- Prior to installation, apply lithium grease around "O" ring.
- ⑤ Prior to assembly, clean the mating surfaces of the oil pump and the clutch cover with acetone or equivalent. Apply a light coat of silicone sealant.
- NOTE: If the oil pump is defective, replace with a complete unit.
- (2-3 ft-lbs).
- ①① To remove or install the oil pump driven gear, lock the driven gear in position with special holder tool (see tool section).

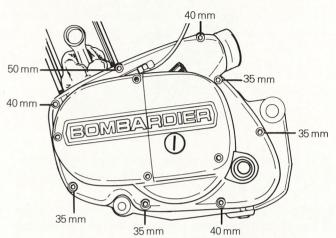


At assembly, torque retaining nut to .4-.6 kg-m (3-4 ft-lbs).

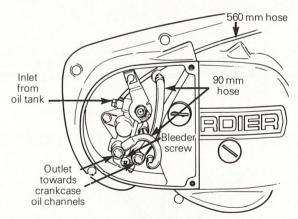
- (3) At assembly, install the large I.D. of the banjo towards the pump.
- 4 At assembly, torque to .5-.6 kg-m (3 to 4 ft-lbs).
- ⑤ On the MX-2 and GrandPrix models, the oil pump is locked to deliver a constant amount of oil at any given R.P.M.



- 19 (19) At assembly, torque to .8 kg-m (6 ft-lbs).
- NOTE: For the proper location of the clutch cover retaining screws, follow illustrated sequence.



② At assembly, position oil line as illustrated and make sure to bleed the air out of the oil pump. Proceed as follows: At the installation, bleed the air out of the inlet oil line by unscrewing the lower screw (Phillips head type) until all the air bubbles are out. Then, to bleed the air out of the oil pump, start the engine and let it idle at  $1100 \approx 1300 \text{ R.P.M.}$  Push control lever to maximum opening and hold in this position for 3-5 minutes.

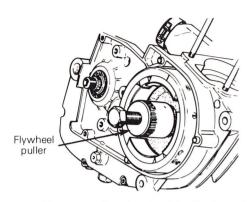


② At assembly, torque to .5 kg-m (4 ft-lbs).

# Magneto

- ①To facilitate timing procedure, perform primary adjustment by matching magneto cover and stator plate marks.
- ③To remove the flywheel, lock crankshaft, remove the flywheel retaining nut and install special puller on rotor.

Tighten puller bolt and at the same time, tap gently on the bolt head using a soft hammer to release the flywheel from its taper.



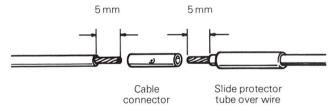
- @ At assembly, apply Loctite Lock'n Seal on the retaining screw threads and at assembly, apply torque to .5-.6 kg-m (3-4 ft-lbs).
- ② 3 At assembly, hold the coils towards the center of the stator plate while tightening to prevent the coil shoes from contacting the magneto.



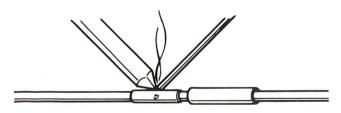
CAUTION: Make sure to route the coil wires away from the center of the stator plate to prevent the wires from rubbing in the magneto flywheel nut.

- 29 (29 At assembly, torque to .3 kg-m (2 ft-lbs).
- 39 Use a cable connector and a protector tube, as illustrated to connect the wires.

Strip 5 mm of insulation from each end.



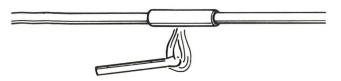
Solder wires into connector with resin core type solder.





CAUTION: Do not use acid core solder, as connections will corrode.

Slide protector tube over connector then heat with a match to shrink the protector tube.



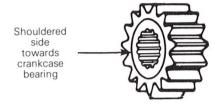
# Transmission (gear box)

② 12/13 The needle bearing halves must be replaced in pairs only.

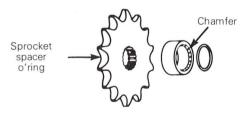


CAUTION: Make sure not to intermix the needle bearing halves, damage could occur. If bearing halves have been intermix, refer to the description to find the proper width of the bearing halves.

- (4) The sharp edge of the splined thrust washer must face the retaining snap ring.
- (1) At assembly, the shouldered side of the 2nd gear, main shaft 16T must face towards the crankcase bearing.



29(3) At assembly, position the "O" ring, sprocket spacer and sprocket as illustrated.





CAUTION: Locking washer should be replaced if bent more than twice. If in doubt, replace.

(2) To remove the sprocket retaining nut, unbend locking washer. Lock crankshaft at the top dead center position and with the transmission in gear, unscrew the nut.

At assembly, follow the same procedure, apply Loctite Lock'n Seal on the retaining nut threads and torque to 10 kg-m (75 ft-lbs).

33 49 Assemble the spring, thrust washer and actuating lever as illustrated.

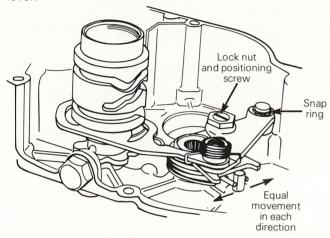




WARNING: Exercise care when removing or installing the actuating lever spring.

(39) (49) To adjust shifter drum actuating pawl proceed as follows. Position shift drum ass'y in 2nd gear or above to obtain an even travel at the actuating lever.

Then with the shift shaft in position, gently move shift lever in each direction from the middle position until shifter pawl contacts the shifter drum pin and note the amount of movement in each direction at the actuating lever.



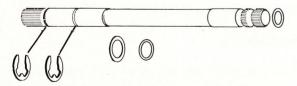
Movement in both direction must be equal. If not, the pawl ass'y can be repositioned by unlocking the lock nut and adjusting the pawl positioning screw. Lock the nut and verify. Repeat until the travel is equal on both sides.

When final adjustment has been reached, apply Loctite Lock'n Seal on the lock nut threads and torque to 2.8-3 kg-m (20-22 ft-lbs).



CAUTION: At the removal of the pawl ass'y take care not to overspread the snap ring. Prior to assembly, make sure to reclose snap ring gap.

(4)(49)(49)(49) At assembly, position the retaining rings, thrust washers and ''O'' rings as illustrated.



- 49 At assembly, torque to 1.1 kg-m (8 ft-lbs).
- ② At assembly, torque to .5-.6 kg-m (3-4 ft-lbs).
- 69 At assembly, torque to 3.5-4 kg-m (25-29 ft-lbs).
- Heat is needed to remove or install the main shaft bearing into the sprocket side.



CAUTION: Always apply heat to remove or install a bearing in the crankcase. Failure to apply heat may result in metal being drawn out of the bearing to crankcase contact surface, thus causing a loose fit within the crankcase.

Proceed as follows:



WARNING: Grand-Prix and MX-2 engines have magnesium crankcase. Magnesium must be heated with great care.

# Disassembly

Using a butane torch with a large **soft** flame, heat the outside crankcase bearing embossement with 4 to 5 rapid circular passes.

Drift the bearing out with an appropriate pusher and soft faced hammer.

# Reassembly

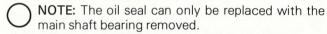
Grease the sprocket side main shaft oil seal with lithium grease.

Place the previously mentioned oil seal protection disc.

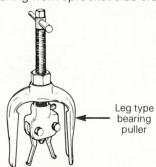
Heat the crankcase bearing embossement as described above.

Quickly turn the crankcase half over and drift the bearing into the crankcase using a **soft** hammer.

®To install a new seal, use the appropriate oil seal insertion pusher. (See tool section). Apply a light coat of lithium grease on the seal lip.



(9) Heat and a leg type puller is needed to remove the clutch shaft bearing from sprocket side crankcase.





CAUTION: Always apply heat to remove or install a bearing in the crankcase. Failure to apply heat may result in metal being drawn out of the bearing to crankcase contact surface, thus causing a loose fit in the crankcase.

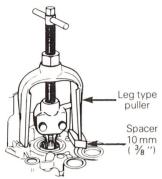
Proceed as follows:



WARNING: Grand-Prix and MX-2 engines have magnesium crankcase. Magnesium must be heated with great care.

# Disassembly

Install the puller as illustrated. -



NOTE: A spacer of 10 mm ( % ") is needed to properly position the puller in the crankcase.

Using a butane torch with a large **soft** flame, heat around the crankcase clutch shaft bearing area with 4 to 5 rapid circular passes, then extract the bearing.

# Reassembly

Heat around the crankcase bearing area as described above and quickly drift the bearing into the crankcase using a **soft** hammer:

(6) Heat is needed to remove or install the clutch and main shaft bearings in the clutch side crankcase.



CAUTION: Always apply heat to remove or install a bearing in the crankcase. Failure to apply heat may result in metal being drawn out of the bearing to crankcase contact surface, thus causing a loose fit in the crankcase.

Proceed as follows:



WARNING: Grand-Prix and MX-2 engines have magnesium crankcase. Magnesium must be heated with great care.

# Disassembly

Remove the bearing retaining plate and shim(s).

Using a butane torch with a large **soft** flame, heat the crankcase (inside portion) around the bearing area with 4 to 5 rapid circular passes.

Drift the bearing(s) out with an appropriate pusher and soft hammer.

# Reassembly

Install the bearings retaining plate without shim(s).

Heat the crankcase (inside portion) as described above.

Quickly drift the bearing(s) into the crankcase using a soft hammer, until the bearing(s) sit against the bearing retaining plate.

Remove the bearing retaining plate and verify the end play.

**®**The transmission shaft end-play must be .1 mm (.004") maximum.

Proceed as follows to verify the end-play.

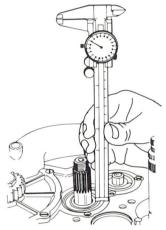
Remove the bearing(s) retaining plate and shims.

Tap both clutch and main shafts towards the sprocket side crankcase.

Tap both bearing inner races towards the sprocket side cranckase.

Measure the distance between the bearing outer race and the crankcase surface to determine the shims required between the bearing and the retaining plate.

The end-play must be .1 mm (.004") maximum.



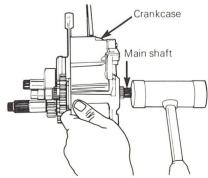
® At assembly, apply Loctite Lock'n Seal on the retaining screw threads and torque to .5-.6 kg-m (3-4 ft-lbs).

(25-29 ft-lbs).

# Transmission gear cluster

# Disassembly

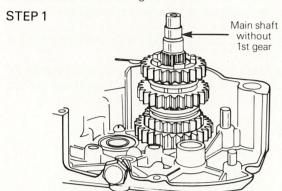
To remove the clutch and main shaft gear cluster from the crankcase, tap on the sprocket side end of the main shaft.



# Reassembly

### Proceed as follows:

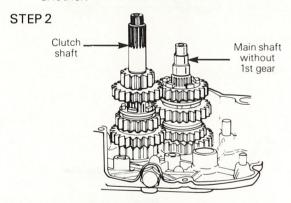
Position the main shaft as illustrated, tap gently to push the shaft into the bearing.



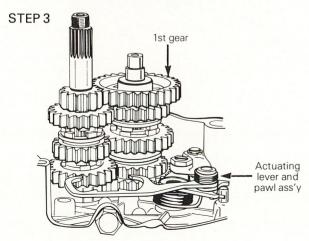
Position the clutch shaft as illustrated, tap gently to push the shaft into the bearing.



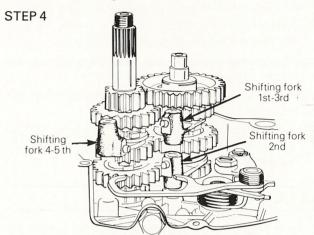
CAUTION: Prior to pushing the clutch shaft into the bearing, make sure the gears match one another.



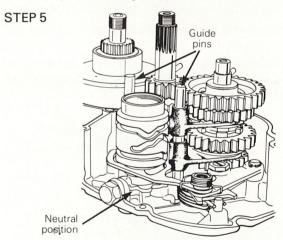
Position the thrust washer, needle bearing, first gear and thrust washer, and then the actuating lever and pawl ass'y as illustrated.



Position the shifting forks as illustrated.



Position the shift drum ass'y, and index all the shifting forks and position the guide pins as illustrated.



NOTE: To facilitate the indexation of the shifting forks, position the shift drum assembly at the neutral position.



### **CLEANING**

Clean all metal components in a non-ferrous metal cleaner.



CAUTION: Clean stator plate and flywheel using only a clean cloth.

# (Sub-Section 3-2, 3-3, 3-4)

Scrape any carbon deposits from cylinder exhaust port, cylinder head and piston dome using a wooden spatula.

NOTE: The letter AUS over an arrow on the piston dome must be visible after cleaning.

Clean the piston ring groove(s) with a groove cleaner tool, or using a piece of broken ring.

Remove old sealant from mating surfaces of crankcase with acetone or equivalent.



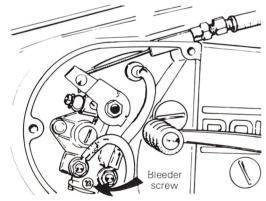
CAUTION: Never use a sharp object to scrape away old sealant as score marks incurred are detrimental to crankcase sealing.

### **INSTALLATION**

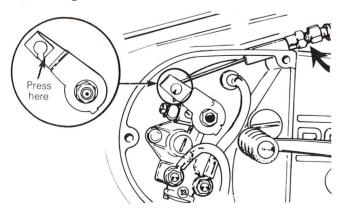
To install engine on vehicle inverse removal procedure. However, special attention should be paid to the following.

Torque the engine mounts to 2-2.5 kg-m (15-18 ft-lbs). Torque the swing arm pivot bolt nut to 10.4 kg-m (75 ft-lbs).

After installation, bleed the air out of the inlet oil line by unscrewing the lower screw (Phillips head type) until all the air bubbles are out.



After the installation of the throttle cable to the oil injection pump lever, make sure to block the cable in place by bending the hooked end of the lever as illustrated.



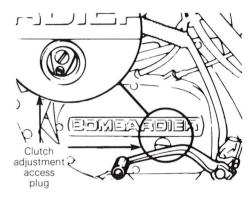
Prior to the clutch adjustment make sure to install the clutch cable access plug, then proceed as follows.

NOTE: Prior to final clutch adjustment, operate the clutch lever a couple of times, to seat the cable in place.

Loosen the clutch cable adjuster (at handlebar) to provide maximum slack.

Remove the adjustment access plug and loosen the 4 mm set screw.

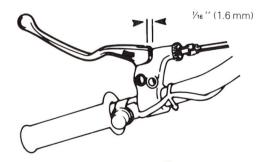
Turn the 8 mm clutch adjusting screw in and out to locate the point of contact with the release bearing, then turn the screw ¼ turn counter-clockwise.



Carefully tighten the 4 mm set screw to lock the adjustment.

Replace the access plug.

Adjust the cable adjuster to provide 1.6 mm (  $\frac{1}{16}$  '') slack.

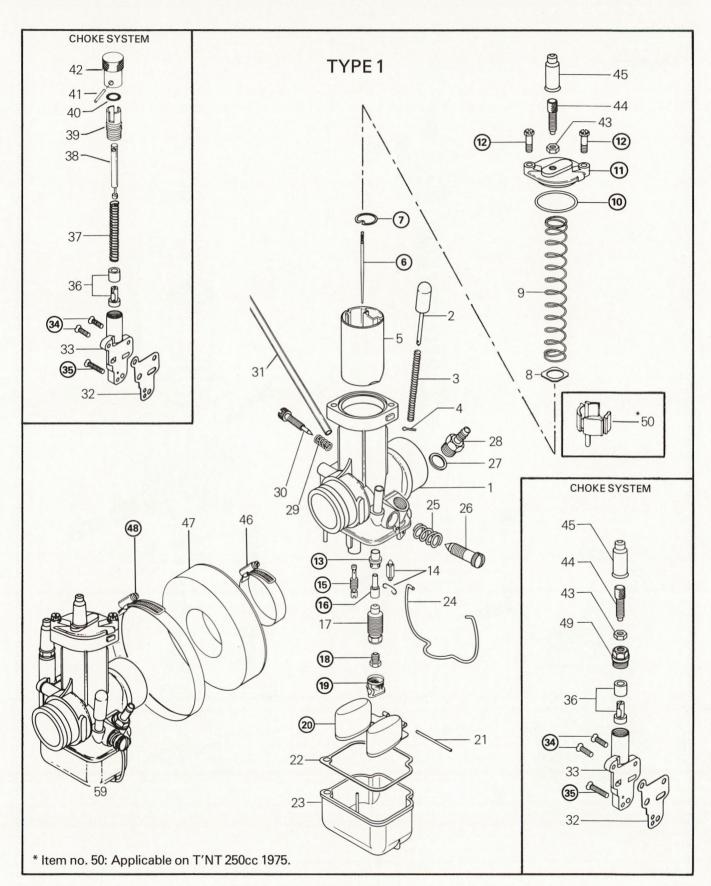


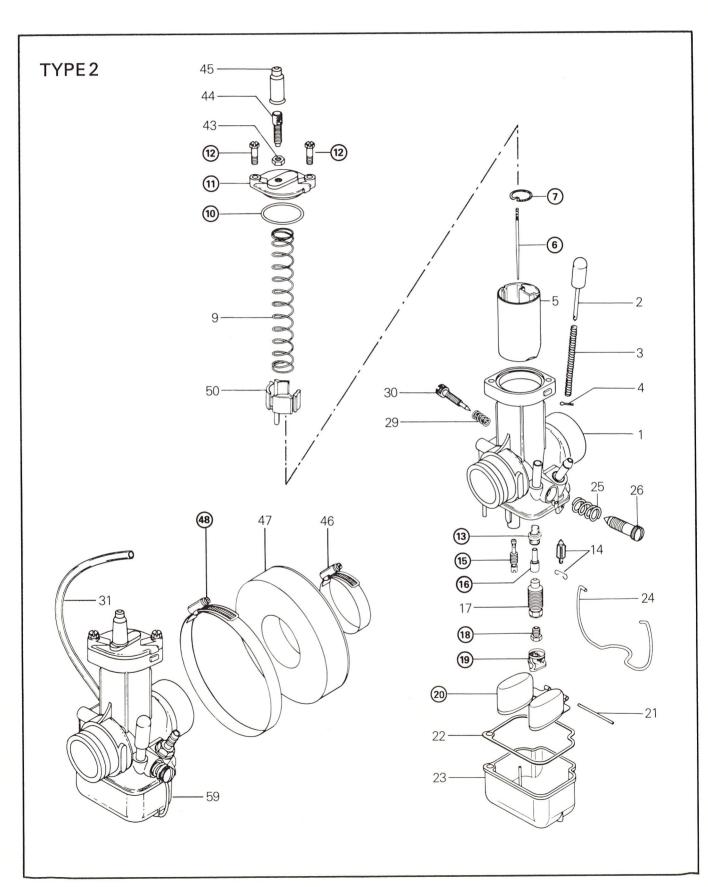
Check ignition timing.

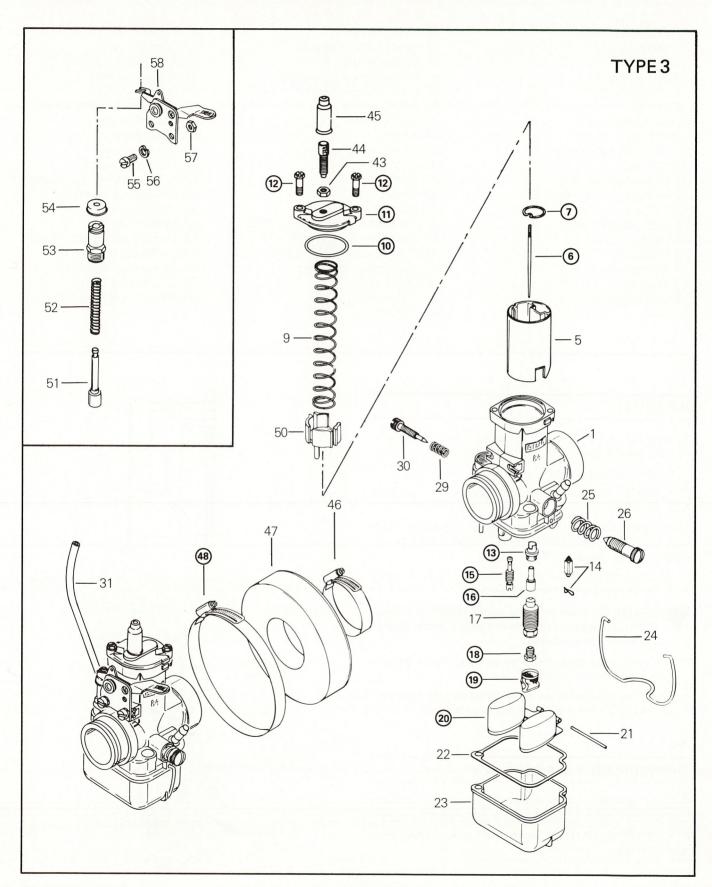
# **APPLICATION CHART**

| CARBURETOR TYPE | APPLICATION |  |  |  |
|-----------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| TYPE 1          | 1975        | T'NT 125 / 175 / 250                         |  |  |
| TYPE 2          | 1975        | MX-1 250<br>MX-2 125 / 175 / 250<br>G.P. 250 |  |  |
| TYPE 3          | 1976        | T'NT O / R 175                               |  |  |









# (Sub-Section 3-5)

- 1. Carburetor body
- 2. Primer knob
- 3. Primer spring
- 4. Primer split pin
- 5. Throttle slide
- 6. Needle
- 7. Needle clip
- 8. Washer
- 9. Throttle slide spring
- 10. "O" ring
- 11. Slide chamber cover
- 12. Hexagon screw, M5 x 12
- 13. Diffuser
- 14. Inlet needle & clip
- 15. Idle jet
- 16. Needie jet
- 17. Mixing tube
- 18. Main jet
- 19. Screen sleeve
- 20. Float

- 21. Float arm pin
- 22. Float chamber gasket
- 23. Float chamber
- 24. Float chamber spring clip
- 25. Idle adj. screw spring
- 26. Idle adj. screw
- 27. Sealing ring
- 28. Nipple
- 29. Idle air screw spring
- 30. Idle air screw
- 31. Vent tube
- 32. Gasket
- 33. Starting piston body
- 34. Countersunk screw M4 x 12 (2)
- 35. Countersunk screw M4 x 18
- 36. Starting piston w / sleeve
- 37. Starting piston spring
- 38. Choke rod
- 39. Choke cam
- 40. "O" ring

- 41. Tension pin
- 42. Choke knob
- 43. Hexagon nut M6 x 0.75
- 44. Adj. screw M6 x 0.75
- 45. Rubber grommet
- 46. Hose clamp (carburetor)
- 47. Carburetor boot
- 48. Hose clamp (air box)
- 49. Closure screw
- 50. Plastic spring cup
- 51. Starting piston w / gasket
- 52. Starting piston spring
- 53. Closure screw
- 54. Rubber cap
- 55. Cylinder screw M5 x 10 (2)
- 56. Lockwasher 5 mm (2)
- 57. Hexagonal nut M5 (2)
- 58. Choke lever ass'y
- 59. Bing double float carburetor

# REMOVAL

Disconnect or perform the following then remove carburetor from engine.

Fuel line (at carburetor).

NOTE: Make sure the fuel valve is on "O" (off) position.

Completely loosen both carburetor retaining hose clamps. (Slide front clamp forward and rotate carburetor towards clutch side).

Unscrew the 2 screws from carburetor slide chamber cover & pull out throttle slide ass'y.



CAUTION: Exercise care when handling throttle slide. Damage incurred may cause throttle slide to stick open in operation.

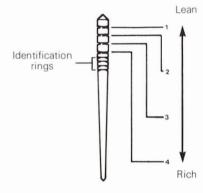
Pry carburetor body towards air box, out of the engine / carburetor adaptor.

Twist carburetor body away from engine inlet port and remove carburetor (complete with boot).

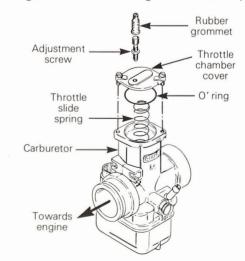
### DISASSEMBLY & ASSEMBLY

 At assembly refer to technical data for correct installation position of needle clip into needle grooves.

NOTE: Grooves are numbered 1 to 4, starting from the top.

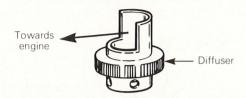


(1) (1) The slide chamber cover should be installed with the throttle cable adjuster facing towards the engine. Tighten the (2) retaining screws securely.



NOTE: Apply a light coat of silicone grease on the "O" ring to improve sealing ability.

(3) The diffuser should be installed with the cut-away facing towards the engine.



(5) (6) (8) Different size jets (main, idle, needle) are available for various temperatures and altitudes. Refer to the application charts for jet selections.





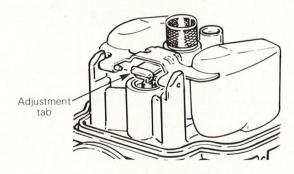
CAUTION: Make sure to install the screen sleeve at assembly, dirt or water may clog the carburetor main jet.

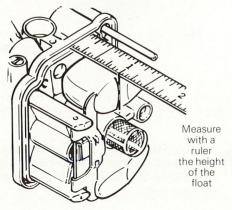
@ Correct fuel level in float chamber is vital for engine efficiency. To check for correct level, proceed as follows:

Remove float chamber and gasket from carburetor.

With carburetor on its side with float adjustment tab just touching needle, measure distance between top of float and float chamber body (from the gasket groove bottom). Refer to technical data for correct height.

To adjust, carefully bend adjustment tab of float arm until specified height is reached.





<sup>(3)</sup> ⊕ Apply a light coat of "Loctite Lock'n Seal" on threads.





CAUTION: Make sure not to overtighten the air box boot hose clamp. Air box flange may distort sufficiently to allow entry of foreign particles.



#### **CLEANING AND INSPECTION**

The entire carburetor should be cleaned with a general solvent and dried with compressed air before disassembly.

Carburetor body and jets should be cleaned in a carburetor cleaner following manufacturer's instructions.



WARNING: Solvent with a low flash point such as gasoline, naphtha, benzol, etc., should not be used as they are flammable and explosive.

Check inlet needle tip condition. If worn, the inlet needle should be replaced.

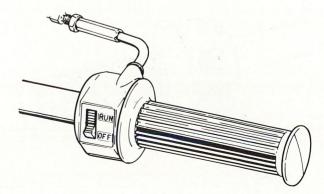
Check throttle slide for wear. Replace if worn or damage.

#### **INSTALLATION & ADJUSTMENT**

To install carburetor, inverse removal procedure.

Throttle and injection pump adjustment

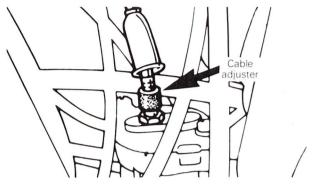
½ turn throttle (ZKW).



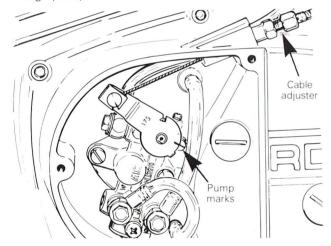
# **CARBURETOR**

Loosen the throttle cable adjuster (at twist grip) to provide maximum slack.

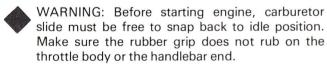
Using the cable adjuster on the throttle slide chamber cover, set cable slack to 1.6 mm ( $\gamma_{16}$ ).



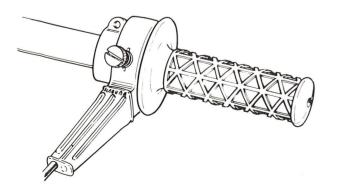
Using injection pump cable adjuster, adjust cable to align pump marks as shown.



Adjust throttle cable (at twist grip) to provide 1.6 mm (  $\frac{1}{16}$  ") slack.

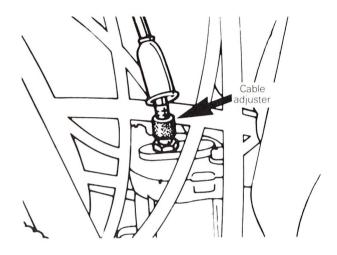


#### ½ turn throttle (magura).

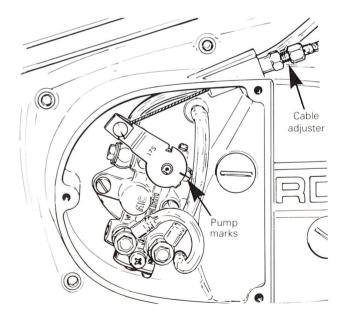


Loosen the twist grip throttle cable adjuster (located on the mid-portion of the cable routed underneath the gas tank) to provide maximum slack.

Using the cable adjuster located on the throttle slide chamber cover, set cable slack to 1.6 mm ( $y_{16}$ '').



Using pump cable adjuster, adjust cable to align pump marks as shown.



Adjust throttle cable at twist grip (cable adjuster is located on the mid-portion of the cable mounted underneath the gas tank) to provide 1.6 mm (  $\frac{1}{16}$  ") slack.

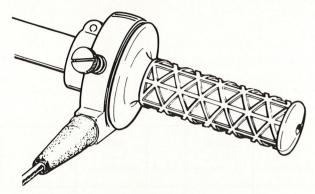


WARNING: Before starting engine, carburetor slide must be free to snap back to idle position. Make sure the rubber grip does not rub on the throttle body.

# (Sub-Section 3-5)

# **CARBURETOR**

## ¼ turn throttle (Magura).



Using the cable adjuster located on the throttle slide chamber cover, set cable slack to 1.6 mm (  $\frac{1}{16}$  ").



NOTE: On the G.P. model, cable adjuster at twist grip must be screwed tightly into place.

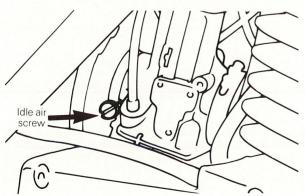
On the MX-2 / GP models, the oil injection pump is preset to deliver a constant amount of oil at any given R.P.M. and does not required any adjustment.



WARNING: Before starting engine, carburetor slide must be free to snap back to idle position. Make sure the rubber grip does not rub on the throttle body or the handlebar end.

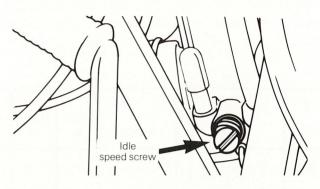
#### Idle speed and mixture adjustment

With the motorcycle held in a vertical position, gently turn air mixture adjusting screw in until it stops, then back it out to specification. (Refer to technical data section).



Start the engine and allow it to warm.

Adjust idle speed screw in or out for desired idle speed (approximately 1,000 R.P.M.)



NOTE: The air mixture screw can be turned in or out (within ¼ turn of basic setting) to achieve smoothest idle possible. Re-adjust idle speed if necessary.

## CARBURETOR TECHNICAL DATA

| Year | Model              | Carburetor     | Main<br>jet | Needle<br>jet | ldle<br>jet | Needle<br>identification | Needle<br>setting<br>(from top) | Slide | ldle<br>screw<br>adjustment | Float<br>level |
|------|--------------------|----------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| 1975 | T'NT 125cc         | 1 / 32 / 113   | 150         | 2.73          | 40          | 4 rings                  | 3rd groove                      | no. 1 | 1¼ turn out                 | 25 mm (1 in.)  |
| 1975 | T'NT 175cc         | 1 / 32 / 114   | 155         | 2.73          | 40          | 4 rings                  | 3rd groove                      | no. 1 | 1½ turn out                 | 25 mm (1 in.)  |
| 1975 | T'NT 250cc         | 1 / 32 / 116   | 150         | 2.73          | 40          | 4 rings                  | 2nd groove                      | no. 1 | 1 turn out                  | 25 mm (1 in.)  |
| 1975 | MX-1 250cc         | 1 / 32 / 115   | 150         | 2.73          | 40*         | 4 rings                  | 3rd groove                      | no. 1 | 1 turn out                  | 25 mm (1 in.)  |
| 1975 | MX-2 125,175,250cc | 1 / 32 / 104   | 155         | 2.70          | 40          | 4 rings                  | 3rd groove                      | no. 1 | 1¼ turn out                 | 25 mm (1 in.)  |
| 1975 | GP-250cc           | 1 / 32 / 104   | 155         | 2.70          | 40          | 4 rings                  | 3rd groove                      | no. 1 | 1 turn out                  | 25 mm (1 in.)  |
| 1976 | T'NT O / R 175cc   | 84 / 32 / 3214 | 155         | 2.73          | 40          | 4 rings                  | 3rd groove                      | no. 1 | 1½ turn out                 | 25 mm (1 in.)  |

<sup>\*</sup> Use no. 30 if rich at idle.

1976

T'NT O / R 175cc (carb. no. 84 / 32 / 3214)

| TEME | PERATURE |             |                       |                       |                       | ALTI                  | rudé                  |                       |                       |
|------|----------|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| ° C  | (° F)    |             | SEA<br>LEVEL          | 500 m<br>(1600 ft)    | 1000 m<br>(3200 ft)   | 1500 m<br>(4900 ft)   | 2000 m<br>(6500 ft)   | 2500 m<br>(8200 ft)   | 3000 m<br>(9800 ft)   |
| 40°  | (104°)   | 1 2 3       | 150<br>3rd<br>1½ turn | 145<br>2nd<br>2 turns | 140<br>2nd<br>2 turns | 135<br>2nd<br>2 turns | 130<br>2nd<br>2 turns | 130<br>2nd<br>2 turns | 125<br>2nd<br>2 turns |
| 30°  | ( 86° )  | 1 2 3       | 155<br>3rd<br>1½ turn | 150<br>3rd<br>1½ turn | 145<br>2nd<br>2 turns | 140<br>2nd<br>2 turns | 135<br>2nd<br>2 turns | 130<br>2nd<br>2 turns | 125<br>2nd<br>2 turns |
| 20°  | ( 68° )  | 1 2 3       | 155<br>3rd<br>1½ turn | 150<br>3rd<br>1½ turn | 145<br>2nd<br>2 turns | 140<br>2nd<br>2 turns | 135<br>2nd<br>2 turns | 130<br>2nd<br>2 turns | 125<br>2nd<br>2 turns |
| 10°  | ( 50° )  | 1 2 3       | 155<br>3rd<br>1½ turn | 150<br>3rd<br>1½ turn | 145<br>2nd<br>2 turns | 145<br>2nd<br>2 turns | 140<br>2nd<br>2 turns | 135<br>2nd<br>2 turns | 130<br>2nd<br>2 turns |
| 00   | ( 32° )  | ①<br>②<br>③ | 160<br>3rd<br>1½ turn | 155<br>3rd<br>1½ turn | 150<br>3rd<br>1½ turn | 145<br>2nd<br>2 turns | 140<br>2nd<br>2 turns | 140<br>2nd<br>2 turns | 135<br>2nd<br>2 turns |
| -10° | ( 14° )  | ①<br>②<br>③ | 165<br>3rd<br>1½ turn | 160<br>3rd<br>1½ turn | 155<br>3rd<br>1½ turn | 150<br>2nd<br>1½ turn | 145<br>2nd<br>2 turns | 140<br>2nd<br>2 turns | 135<br>2nd<br>2 turns |
| -20° | (- 4°)   | ①<br>②<br>③ | 165<br>4th<br>1 turn  | 160<br>3rd<br>1½ turn | 155<br>3rd<br>1½ turn | 150<br>3rd<br>1½ turn | 145<br>3rd<br>2 turns | 145<br>2nd<br>2 turns | 140<br>2nd<br>2 turns |

<sup>1</sup> Main jet no.

② Needle position (groove from top)

<sup>3</sup> Air screw

1975

T'NT 125cc (carb. no. 1 / 32 / 113)

| TEM  | PERATURE |             |                       |                       |                       | ALTI <sup>-</sup>     | TUDE                   |                       |                       |
|------|----------|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| ° C  | (° F)    |             | SEA<br>LEVEL          | 500 m<br>(1600 ft)    | 1000 m<br>(3200 ft)   | 1500 m<br>(4900 ft)   | 2000 m<br>(6500 ft)    | 2500 m<br>(8200 ft)   | 3000 m<br>(9800 ft)   |
| 40°  | (104°)   | 1 2 3       | 145<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 140<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 135<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 130<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 125<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn  | 125<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 120<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn |
| 30°  | ( 86° )  | 1 2 3       | 150<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 145<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 140<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 135<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 130<br>2 nd<br>1¾ turn | 125<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 120<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn |
| 20°  | ( 68° )  | 1 2 3       | 150<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 145<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 140<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 135<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 130<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn  | 125<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 120<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn |
| 10°  | ( 50° )  | ①<br>②<br>③ | 150<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 145<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 140<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 135<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 135<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn  | 125<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 120<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn |
| 00   | ( 32° )  | 1 2 3       | 155<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 150<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 145<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 140<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 135<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn  | 130<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 125<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn |
| -10° | ( 14° )  | ①<br>②<br>③ | 160<br>4th<br>1¼ turn | 155<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 150<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 145<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 140<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn  | 135<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 130<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn |
| ·20° | (- 4°)   | 1 2 3       | 160<br>4th<br>¾ turn  | 155<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 150<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 145<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 140<br>2nd<br>1¼ turn  | 135<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 130<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn |

① Main jet no.

② Needle position (groove from top)

<sup>3</sup> Air screw

#### 1975

### MX-1 250cc (1 / 32 / 115)

| TEMP | PERATURE |             | 102 (                |                       |                                   | ALTI <sup>-</sup>     | TUDE                  |                       | A PERMIT              |
|------|----------|-------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| ° C  | (° F)    |             | SEA<br>LEVEL         | 500 m<br>(1600 ft)    | 1000 m<br>(3200 ft)               | 1500 m<br>(4900 ft)   | 2000 m<br>(6500 ft)   | 2500 m<br>(8200 ft)   | 3000 m<br>(9800 ft)   |
| 40°  | (104°)   | 1 2 3       | 145<br>3rd<br>1 turn | 140<br>2nd<br>1½ turn | 135<br>2nd<br>1½ turn             | 130<br>2nd<br>1½ turn | 125<br>2nd<br>1½ turn | 125<br>2nd<br>1½ turn | 120<br>2nd<br>1½ turn |
| 30°  | ( 86° )  | 1 2 3       | 150<br>3rd<br>1 turn | 145<br>3rd<br>1 turn  | 140<br>2nd<br>1½ turn             | 135<br>2nd<br>1½ turn | 130<br>2nd<br>1½ turn | 125<br>2nd<br>1½ turn | 120<br>2nd<br>1½ turn |
| 20°  | ( 68° )  | 1 2 3       | 150<br>3rd<br>1 turn | 145<br>3rd<br>1 turn  | 140<br>2nd<br>1½ turn             | 135<br>2nd<br>1½ turn | 130<br>2nd<br>1½ turn | 125<br>2nd<br>1½ turn | 120<br>2nd<br>1½ turn |
| 10°  | ( 50° )  | (1) (2) (3) | 150<br>3rd<br>1 turn | 145<br>3rd<br>1 turn  | 140<br>3rd<br>1 <sub>.</sub> turn | 135<br>2nd<br>1½ turn | 130<br>2nd<br>1½ turn | 125<br>2nd<br>1½ turn | 120<br>2nd<br>1½ turn |
| 0°   | ( 32° )  | 1 2 3       | 155<br>3rd<br>1 turn | 150<br>3rd<br>1 turn  | 145<br>3rd<br>1 turn              | 140<br>2nd<br>1½ turn | 135<br>2nd<br>1½ turn | 130<br>2nd<br>1½ turn | 125<br>2nd<br>1½ turn |
| -10° | ( 14° )  | (1) (2) (3) | 160<br>4th<br>1 turn | 155<br>3rd<br>1 turn  | 150<br>3rd<br>1 turn              | 145<br>3rd<br>1 turn  | 140<br>2nd<br>1½ turn | 135<br>2nd<br>1½ turn | 130<br>2nd<br>1½ turn |
| -20° | (- 4°)   | 1 2 3       | 160<br>4th<br>½ turn | 155<br>3rd<br>1 turn  | 150<br>3rd<br>1 turn              | 145<br>3rd<br>1 turn  | 140<br>2nd<br>1 turn  | 135<br>2nd<br>1½ turn | 130<br>2nd<br>1½ turn |

① Main jet no.

<sup>2</sup> Needle position (groove from top)

<sup>3</sup> Air screw

#### 1975

T'NT 250cc (carb. no. 1 / 32 / 116)

| TEMF | PERATURE |             |                      |                       | and the second s | ALTI                  | ΓUDE                  |                       |                       |
|------|----------|-------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| ° C  | (° F)    |             | SEA<br>LEVEL         | 500 m<br>(1600 ft)    | 1000 m<br>(3200 ft)  | 1500 m<br>(4900 ft)   | 2000 m<br>(6500 ft)   | 2500 m<br>(8200 ft)   | 3000 m<br>(9800 ft)   |
| 40°  | (104°)   | 1 2 3       | 145<br>2nd<br>1 turn | 140<br>1st<br>1½ turn | 135<br>1st<br>1½ turn  | 130<br>1st<br>1½ turn | 125<br>1st<br>1½ turn | 125<br>1st<br>1½ turn | 120<br>1st<br>1½ turn |
| 30°  | ( 86° )  | 1 2 3       | 150<br>2nd<br>1 turn | 145<br>2nd<br>1 turn  | 140<br>1st<br>1½ turn  | 135<br>1st<br>1½ turn | 130<br>1st<br>1½ turn | 125<br>1st<br>1½ turn | 120<br>1st<br>1½ turn |
| 20°  | ( 68° )  | 1 2 3       | 150<br>2nd<br>1 turn | 145<br>2nd<br>1 turn  | 140<br>1st<br>1½ turn  | 135<br>1st<br>1½ turn | 130<br>1st<br>1½ turn | 125<br>1st<br>1½ turn | 120<br>1st<br>1½ turn |
| 10°  | ( 50° )  | ①<br>②<br>③ | 150<br>2nd<br>1 turn | 145<br>2nd<br>1 turn  | 140<br>2nd<br>1 turn   | 135<br>1st<br>1½ turn | 130<br>1st<br>1½ turn | 125<br>1st<br>1½ turn | 120<br>1st<br>1½ turn |
| 0°   | ( 32° )  | ①<br>②<br>③ | 155<br>2nd<br>1 turn | 150<br>2nd<br>1 turn  | 145<br>2nd<br>1 turn   | 140<br>1st<br>1½ turn | 135<br>1st<br>1½ turn | 130<br>1st<br>1½ turn | 125<br>1st<br>1½ turn |
| -10° | ( 14° )  | ①<br>②<br>③ | 160<br>3rd<br>1 turn | 155<br>2nd<br>1 turn  | 150<br>2nd<br>1 turn   | 145<br>2nd<br>1 turn  | 140<br>1st<br>1½ turn | 135<br>1st<br>1½ turn | 130<br>1st<br>1½ turn |
| -20° | (- 4°)   | ①<br>②<br>③ | 160<br>3rd<br>½ turn | 155<br>2nd<br>1 turn  | 150<br>2nd<br>1 turn   | 145<br>2nd<br>1 turn  | 140<br>2nd<br>1 turn  | 135<br>1st<br>1½ turn | 130<br>1st<br>1½ turn |

① Main jet no.

② Needle position

<sup>3</sup> Air screw

1975

MX-2 125-175-250cc GP 250cc (carb. no. 1 / 32 / 104)

T'NT 175cc (carb. no. 1 / 32 / 114)

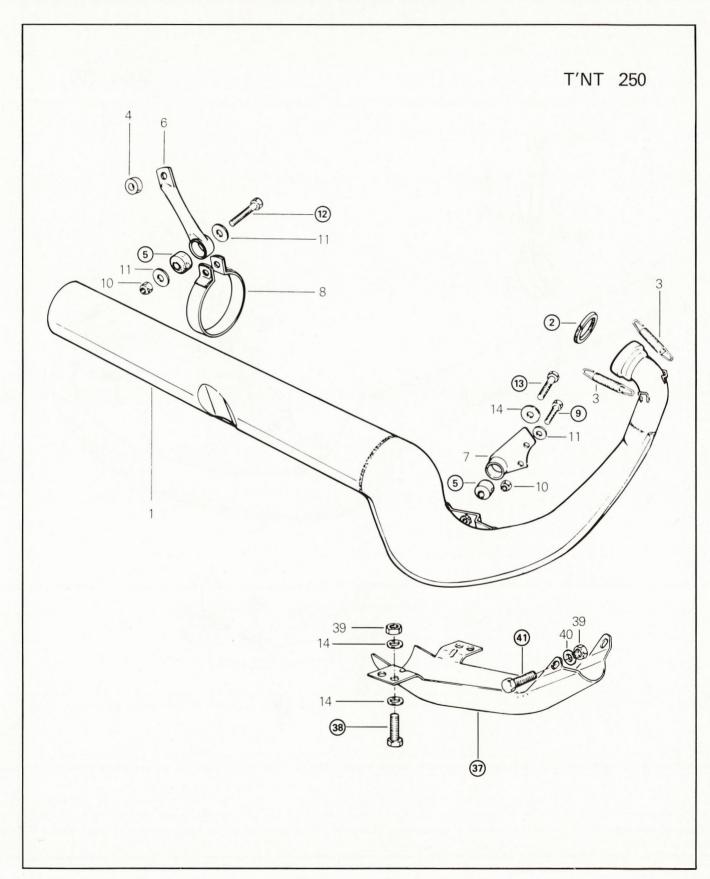
| TEMF | PERATURE |             |                       |                         |                       | ALTI <sup>-</sup>     | TUDE                  |                       |                       |
|------|----------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| ° C  | (° F)    |             | SEA<br>LEVEL          | 500 m<br>(1600 ft)      | 1000 m<br>(3200 ft)   | 1500 m<br>(4900 ft)   | 2000 m<br>(6500 ft)   | 2500 m<br>(8200 ft)   | 3000 m<br>(9800 ft)   |
| 40°  | (104°)   | 1 2 3       | 150<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 145<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn   | 140<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 135<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 130<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 130<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 125<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn |
| 30°  | ( 86° )  | ①<br>②<br>③ | 155<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 150<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn   | 145<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 140<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 135<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 130<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 125<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn |
| 20°  | ( 68° )  | ①<br>②<br>③ | 155<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 150<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn   | 145<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 140<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 135<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 130<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 125<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn |
| 10°  | ( 50° )  | ①<br>②<br>③ | 155<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 150<br>- 3rd<br>1¼ turn | 145<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 145<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 140<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 135<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 130<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn |
| 0°   | ( 32° )  | ①<br>②<br>③ | 160<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 155<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn   | 150<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 145<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 140<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 140<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 135<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn |
| -10° | ( 14° )  | ①<br>②<br>③ | 165<br>4th<br>1¼ turn | 160<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn   | 155<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 150<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 145<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 140<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 135<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn |
| -20° | (- 4°)   | ①<br>②<br>③ | 165<br>4th<br>¾ turn  | 160<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn   | 155<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 150<br>3rd<br>1¼ turn | 145<br>2nd<br>1¼ turn | 145<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn | 140<br>2nd<br>1¾ turn |

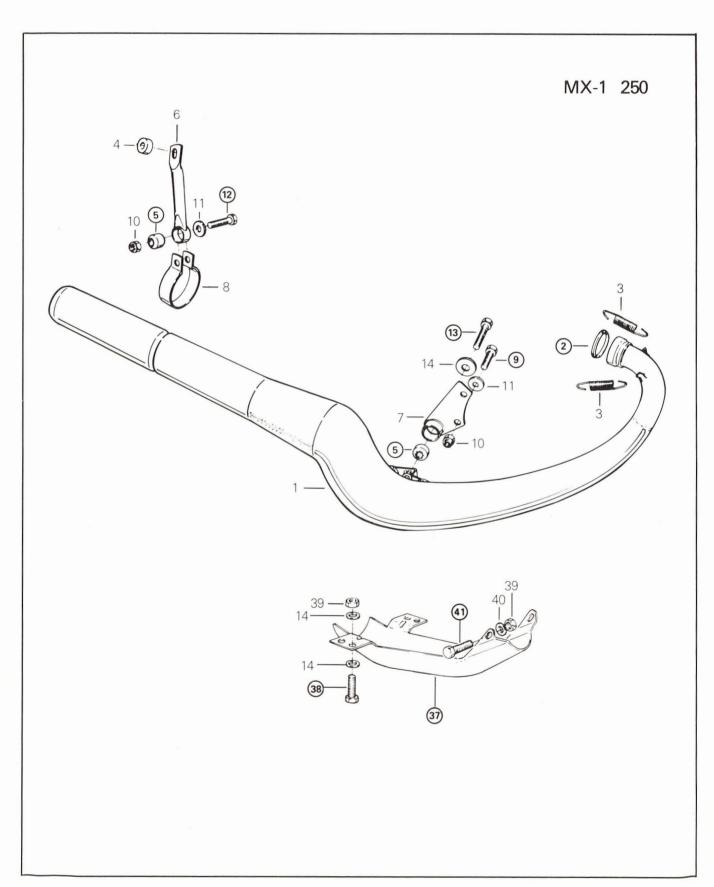
<sup>1</sup> Main jet

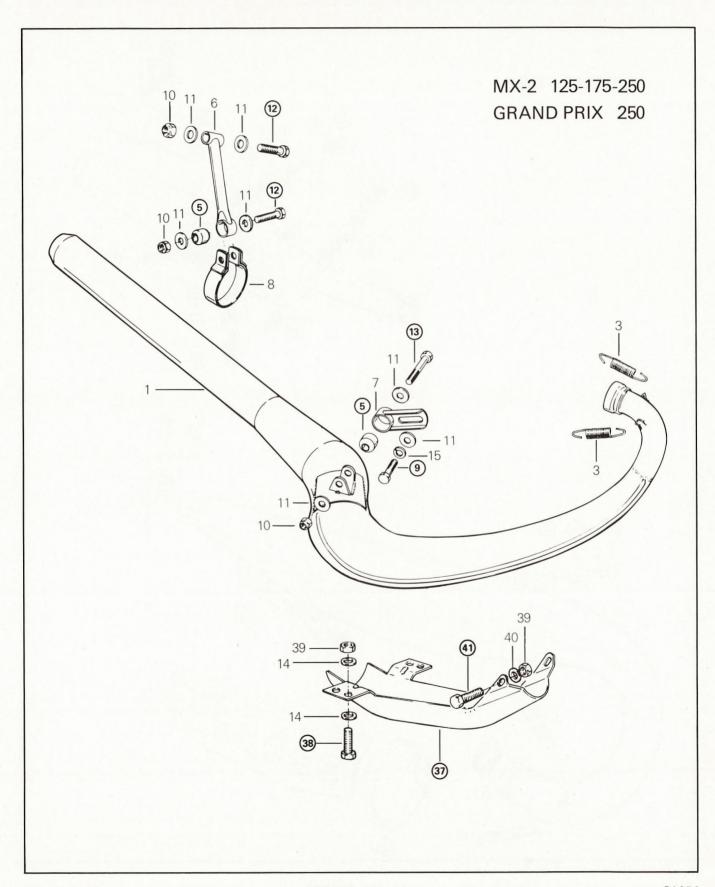
<sup>(2)</sup> Needle position

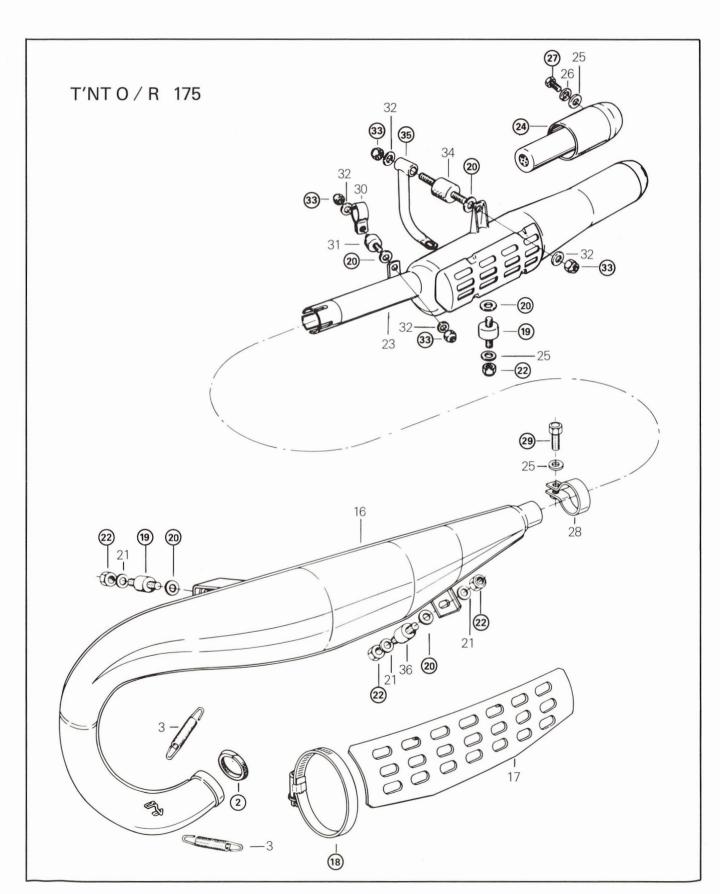
<sup>3</sup> Air screw











# (Sub-Section 3-6)

# **EXHAUST SYSTEM**

- 1. Exhaust pipe
- 2. Packing
- 3. Spring
- 4. Spacer (rear mount)
- 5. Center bounded mount
- 6. Rear mount
- 7. Front mount
- 8. Clamp
- 9. Hex. screw M8 x 1.25 x 40
- 10. Elastic stop nut M8 x 1.25
- 11. Flat washer 8 mm x 17 x 2
- 12. Hex. bolt M8 x 1.25 x 40
- 13. Hex. bolt M8 x 1.25 x 35
- 14. Flat washer 8 mm x 25

- 15. Lock washer 8 mm
- 16. Exhaust pipe
- 17. Heat shield
- 18. Hose clamp
- 19. Rubber mount
- 20. Asbestos washer
- 21. Flat washer 6 mm x 12 x 1.50
- 22. Elastic stop nut M6 x 1.00
- 23. Muffler with resonator
- 24. Resonator
- 25. Flat washer 6 mm x 14 x 1.5
- 26. Lock washer 6 mm
- 27. Hex. screw M6 x 1.00 x 8
- 28. Clamp

- 29. Hex. bolt M6 x 1.00 x 6
- 30. Clamp
- 31. Rubber mount
- 32. Flat washer 8 mm x 17 x 2
- 33. Elastic stop nut M8 x 1.25
- 34. Rubber mount
- 35. Curved hanger bracket
- 36. Rubber mount
- 37. Skid plate
- 38. Hex. bolt M8 x 1.25 x 16
- 39. Elastic stop nut M8 x 1.25
- 40. Lock washer 8 mm
- 41. Hex. bolt M8 x 1.25 x 50

#### REMOVAL

Remove or disconnect the following (if applicable) then withdraw muffler and / or exhaust pipe from motorcycle.

- Skid plate
- Left number plate

#### DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

- ② Exhaust packing should be replaced everytime the exhaust pipe is removed.
- NOTE: To accelerate the installation of the exhaust packing, it is recommended to glue the packing to the exhaust socket using contact cement or equivalent.
- § Use a solution of soapy water to insert the center bounded mount.
- (9) (2) (3) At assembly torque to 2-2.8 kg-m (15-20 ft-lbs).
- (18) At assembly torque to .3-.4 kg-m (2-3 ft-lbs).
- (9) At assembly torque to .4-.6 kg-m (3-4 ft-lbs).

20

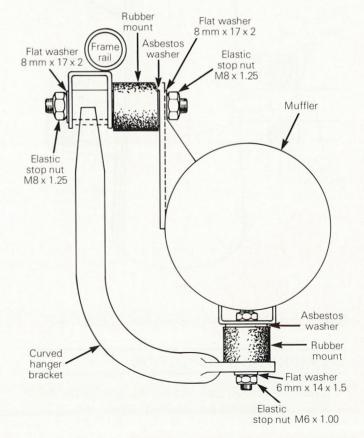
CAUTION: Make sure to install the asbestos washer at assembly as heat can damage the rubber mount.

22 At assembly torque to .4-.6 kg-m (3-4 ft-lbs).

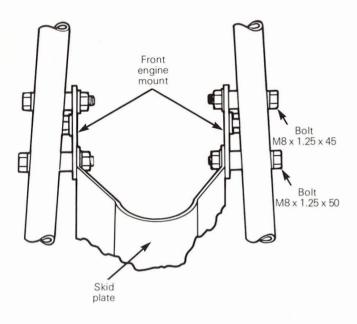
24)

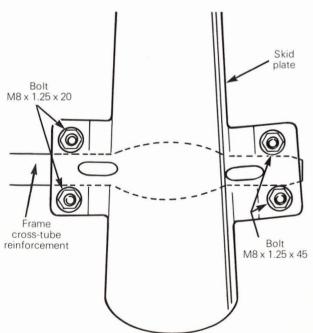
WARNING: Removal, modification or failure to maintain spark arrestor in effective working order may constitute a violation of existing federal, state or provincial regulations.

- ② At assembly, torque to .4-.6 kg-m (3-4 ft-lbs).
- (4-5 ft-lbs).
- 3 At assembly, torque to 1.4-1.7 kg-m (10-12 ft-lbs).
- (39) The curved hanger bracket is slotted to permit proper muffler alignment.



3 At assembly, position the skid plate as illustrated.



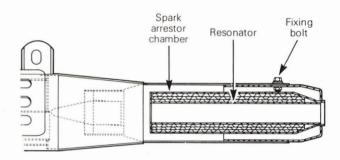


39 (4) At assembly torque to 2.-2.8 kg-m (15-20 ft-lbs).

#### **CLEANING AND INSPECTION**

 Clean the exhaust pipe and muffler with a solution of soapy water to remove dirt, mud, grease, etc.

- Inspect the exhaust pipe for any fractured brackets or crushed surfaces. Replace or repair as per condition.
- NOTE: If any welding is required, use oxy-acetylene with a steel rod, it is not recommended to braze weld.
- Inspect exhaust pipe for accumulation of carbon.
   Clean with a scraper or a length of old chain.
- On models equipped with a spark arrestor / resonator, it is recommended to clean the spark arrestor chamber periodically to maintain it in effective working order.



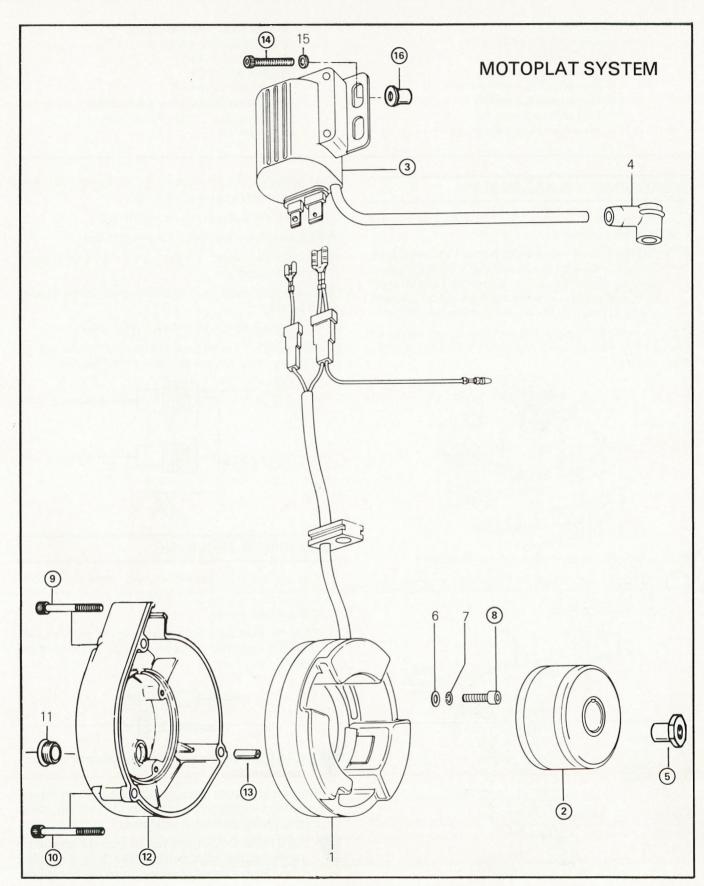
Inspect nuts and rubber mounts. If damaged, replace.

#### **INSTALLATION**

To install the exhaust pipe and / or muffler on the vehicle, inverse removal procedure.



WARNING: After installation of exhaust pipe, be sure all cables, hoses or wires are routed away from exhaust pipe. Use tape or tie-wraps if necessary.



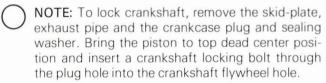
# **ELECTRICAL**

- 1. Stator plate
- 2. Rotor (low inertia)
- 3. Ignition coil
- 4. Spark plug protector
- 5. Crankshaft nut M16 x 1.5
- 6. Flat washer 5.3 mm (3)
- 7. Lockwasher 5 mm (3)
- 8. Allen capscrew M5 x 20 (3)

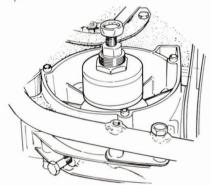
- 9. Allen capscrew M6 x 50 (2)
- 10. Allen capscrew M6 x 45
- 11. Adjustment plug
- 12. Magneto cover
- 13. Locating dowel (3)
- 14. Allen capscrew M6 x 1.00 x 35 (2)
- 15. Flat washer 6 mm x 12 x 1.5 (2)
- 16. Spacer (2)

#### DISASSEMBLY & ASSEMBLY

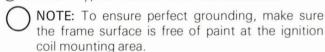
②Lock crankshaft, remove the rotor retaining nut and install special puller on rotor.

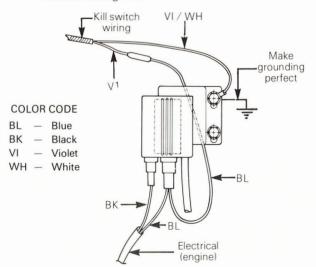


Tighten puller bolt and at the same time, tap gently on the bolt head using a soft hammer to release the rotor from its taper.

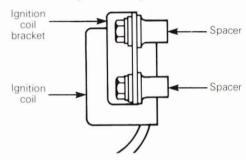


3 At assembly, connect the wires (as illustrated).



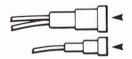


- ⑤ At assembly, apply a light coat of Loctite "Lock'n Seal" and torque to 8 kg-m (60 ft-lbs).
- ® At assembly, torque to .5 kg-m (4 ft-lbs).
- (9) (10) At assembly, torque to .8 kg-m (6 ft-lbs).
- ② At assembly, apply a light coat of silicone sealant on the mating surface.
- (3) At assembly, make sure the three (3) locating dowels are in position.
- 4 At assembly, torque to .8-1 kg-m (6-7 ft-lbs).
- 6 At assembly, the large diameter end of the spacer must be mounted against the ignition coil bracket.



#### **CLEANING & SERVICING**

- Clean stator plate and rotor using only a clean cloth.
- Inspect all electrical connections for dirt or corrosion.
   Clean as necessary.
- Pack the electronic control connector terminal with dielectric compound (Dow Corning DC 4 or equivalent).





CAUTION: Do not use silicone sealant or contacts may corrode.

 Frequently inspect the ignition cover and crankcase unpainted surfaces for corrosion. If corroded, clean then spray with LPS 3 or equivalent.



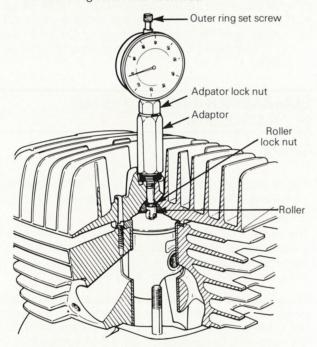
CAUTION: Do not attempt to stop the engine by removing the high tension wire from the spark plug. Severe damage will occur to electronic box.

#### **IGNITION TIMING**

### Bosch and Motoplat system

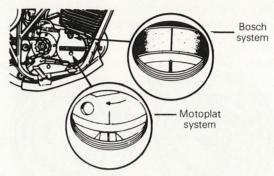
#### Timing mark verification (Top dead center gauge).

- Mount the motorcycle on a box or stand with the rear wheel raised.
- Disconnect spark plug wire and remove spark plug.
- Remove the inspection plug on the magneto cover.
- Install and adjust T.D.C. gauge on engine as follows:
  - Engage the transmission in the highest gear.
  - Rotate the rear wheel until the piston is just before top dead center.
  - With gauge in adaptor, adjust roller parallel with dial face. Tighten roller lock nut.



- Loosen adaptor lock nut then holding gauge with dial face toward magneto, screw adaptor in spark plug hole.
- Slide gauge far enough into adaptor to obtain a reading then finger tighten adaptor lock nut.
- Rotate the rear wheel until the piston is at top dead center.
- Unlock the outer ring of the dial and turn it until "O" on the dial aligns with the pointer.
- · Lock the outer ring in position.
- Rotate the rear wheel counter-clockwise until the specified piston position before top dead center is reached. (Refer to technical data).
- Check through the inspection hole if the flywheel or

rotor and magneto cover marks align perfectly.



 If the marks do not align, scribe a new mark on the magneto cover (in line with the flywheel or rotor mark at the specified piston position (B.T.D.C.).

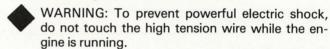


CAUTION: Timing mark verification cannot be used as a timing procedure, therefore always check the timing (using a stroboscopic timing light at 9,000 R.P.M.) after the marks have been aligned.

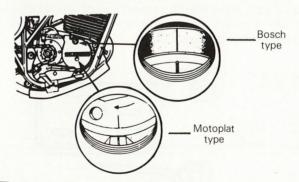
#### **TIMING PROCEDURE**

#### Bosch and Motoplat system

- Remove the timing inspection plug, and connect the timing light pick-up to the high tension lead.
- Start the engine and allow it to warm.



Point the timing light beam straight into the inspection hole and, reving the engine to 9000 R.P.M. for a brief instant, check the timing mark alignment. If timing is correct, the ignition cover mark and flywheel or rotor mark will align as shown. Stop the engine.



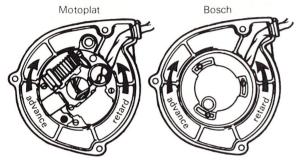


CAUTION: Timing marks must be checked with a dial indicator for perfect accuracy.

If timing was incorrect,

- Remove the magneto cover.

 Loosen the stator retaining screws then move the stator plate in the advance or retard direction to correct the misalignment. Tighten the Allen screws.



- Install the magneto cover, start the engine and recheck the alignment of the timing marks on the flywheel or rotor and magneto cover.
- Repeat this procedure until the timing marks on the flywheel or rotor and magneto cover are perfectly aligned at 9000 R.P.M.
- NOTE: Only stroboscopic timing lights utilizing a capacitor or inductive pick-up can be used to indicate correct spark setting without disturbing the electronic equilibrium of the ignition circuit.

SUN PTL 45 Snap-on MT 215 B Bosch E Fam 169 A

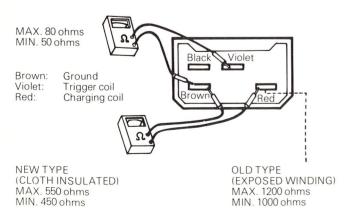
#### **TESTING PROCEDURE**

#### Continuity test

The charging and triggering coils can be tested with an ohmmeter.

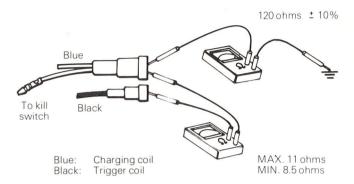
#### Bosch type

Disconnect the multiple connector at the electronic box unit and run a resistance test between the pins of the connector block.



#### Motoplat system

Disconnect the connectors at the ignition coil and run a resistance test between the pins of the connectors.



NOTE: While testing the coils with the ohmmeter it may occur that the readings become altered. To make sure the proper reading is obtained, inverse the test lead of the ohmmeter and perform the test again.

# BOMBARDIER IGNITION TESTER (P / N 419 0033 00)

#### General

The Bombardier ignition tester is an electrical energy measuring device capable of measuring the peak energy output of a coil.

The tester is of solid state construction and performs as a comparator. The correct value of energy output is indicated in each test and is then compared with the value taken from the engine being tested.

The energy output is verified by means of a 0-100 scale on the tester. The greater the energy output, the greater the value indication on the scale. The indication is in the form of an incandescent lamp that lights when the scale knob is set at the position corresponding to the energy output.

The tester has two input ranges selected by a toggle switch. The LOW range is sensitive to AC or DC voltages from .5 to 27 volts. The HIGH range is sensitive to AC or DC voltages of from approximately 75 to 500 volts.

#### Test condition

All tests are performed on the vehicle at cranking speed. It would seem logical that removal of spark plugs would allow the engine to turn over faster, therefore raising the output level of the ignition system. It was found that vigorous cranking against compression causes the flywheel to snap over, raising the output higher than by

# (Sub-Section 3-7)

cranking without compression. If output results are marginal, output can be measured with and without compression. Test values listed are taken against compression.



CAUTION: Never crank engine with spark plug wire detached from spark plug unless emergency stop switch is at **off** position otherwise electronic box damage may occur.

Always crank vigorously as in actual starting.

Read all instructions **thoroughly** and as you become familiar with this test instrument it will be possible to test a complete ignition system in a matter of minutes. Always proceed in the following order:

- 1. Connect tester P and N clip leads as illustrated.
- 2. Follow test procedure sequence.
- 3. After every test that lights the indicator lamp, reset the indicator circuit by depressing the reset button.

#### **ANALYSIS OF TEST RESULTS**

### Indicator lamp lights at specific setting

Output is as specified. Test results should repeat 3 times. If readings do not repeat, output is erratic and cause should be investigated (loose connections or components, etc.).

# Indicator lamp lights at a lower setting

This indicates that the output is less than that designed to operate the engine in a satisfactory manner. The engine may run at a lower setting but be subject to hard starting and misfiring. Be certain that correct engine cranking conditions were met before condemning the ignition.

# Indicator lamp does not light

One component is defective. Proceed as instructed to find defective component.

## Intermittent ignition problems

In dealing with intermittent problems there is no easy diagnosis. For example, problems that occur only at normal engine operating temperature have to be tested under similar conditions.

In most cases of temperature and / or vibration failure, only parts replacement can solve the problem as most of these failures return to normal when engine is not running.

#### Double trouble

There is always the possibility of more than one defective parts. If after a component has been replaced, the problem still persists, carefully repeat the complete test procedure to find the other defective part.

#### ANALYSER TEST AND MAINTENANCE

A test simulator is provided with each tester as a means to test the lamp, detector circuit, and batteries

#### High scale test

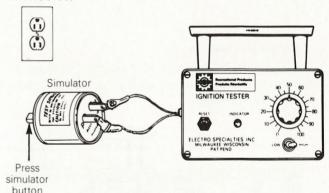
a) Place switch in HIGH position. Plug the simulator into an electric outlet (117 VAC) for ten seconds.



CAUTION: After charging, do not touch plug terminals while pressing test button. A mild shock will result.

- b) Remove the simulator from the outlet, and connect the "P" and "N" leads from the tester to the simulator as indicated on the bottom of the simulator.
- c) Set the tester dial to 50, or below. Depress the button of the simulator. The indicator lamp on the tester should light.

117 VAC outlet

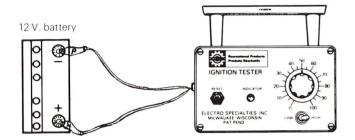


#### Low scale test

- a) Place switch in LOW position.
- b) Set tester dial to 50, or below.
- c) Connect N lead to negative terminal of 12 volt battery. Connect P lead to positive terminal of a fully charge 12 volt battery. Indicator lamp should light.

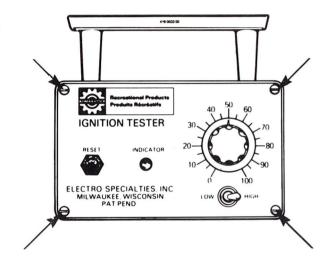
If lamp does not light, check tester batteries. If they are installed correctly and are good, check the clip leads for faulty connections. If no fault can be found, refer to the warranty statement for instructions for sending the tester back to Electro-Specialties, Inc.

NOTE: For each test performed by the simulator, it must be recharged.

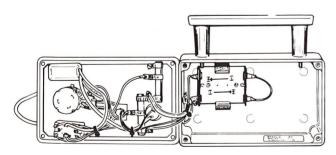


#### Battery replacement

1. Remove the four (4) screws securing cover to case.



- 2. Carefully lift cover.
- 3. Replace batteries with size "C" Alkaline batteries. Be sure to observe polarity markings on battery holder or lamp will not light.



- 4. Install cover on case carefully being certain that no wires are pinched between cover and case. Secure cover.
- NOTE: Weak batteries will not impair tester operation or calibration. The light will grow dim.

### Indicator knob alignment

Check indicator knob alignment by turning knob fully clockwise. The white mark on the knob must align with the no. 100 on the scale. If the mark does not line up with the no. 100, loosen the knob set screw, line the mark on the knob with the no. 100, and tighten the set screw. Recheck alignment.

NOTE: If after adjustment, the knob is turned fully counter-clockwise and it does not exactly align with the 0, it is of no consequence.

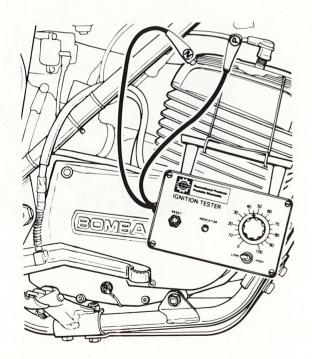
The ignition tester may give false readings if the rivets on the back cover come in contact with metal.

| INDEX  |                        |                  |  |  |  |  |
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| Test no. 5 Ignition<br>Test no. 6 Chargin<br>Test no. 7 Trigger                            |                        | 9<br>9<br>10     |  |  |  |  |

#### **BOSCH C.D. IGNITION**

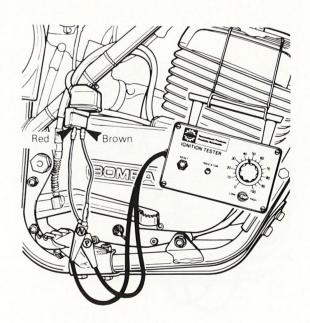
# TEST NO. 1: IGNITION COIL OUTPUT TO SPARK PLUG

- NOTE: To obtain accurate readings it is necessary to install a new, correctly gapped, spark plug. However, if test is performed on engine before spark plug is changed, a low or no reading could indicate a fouled or faulty spark plug. Replace by a new one and recheck.
- Attach tester P lead over spark plug wire, directly behind spark plug cap. Connect N lead to a good engine ground.
- 2. Set tester switch to LOW position and dial at 45.
- 3. Select transmission neutral position, place emergency stop switch in RUN position and turn ignition key to IGNITION. Kick start pedal down vigorously.
- A. Indicator lamp lights: Coil output to spark plug is up to specifications. Repeat test at least three (3) times to verify reading and check for consistency.
- **B.** Indicator lamp does not light: Coil output is low or spark plug is faulty. Refer to previous "NOTE" or proceed to test no. 2 and no. 3.



#### TEST NO. 2: CHARGING COIL OUTPUT

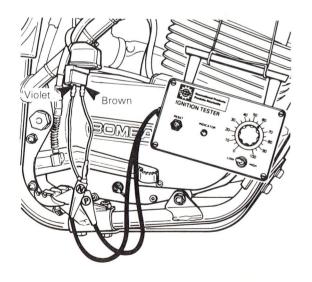
- 1. Disconnect wire connector at C.D.I. electronic box.
- 2. Connect tester **P** lead to **red** wire coming from charging coil using one (1) harness adaptor, as illustrated. Connect tester **N** lead, at wire connector, to **brown** wire using one (1) harness adaptor.
- 3. Set tester switch to HIGH position and dial at 45.
- 4. Set transmission to neutral, then kick start pedal down vigorously.
- 45 Alluminia Indicator lamp lights: Charging coil output is up to specifications. Repeat test at least three (3) times to Plantic Verify reading and check for consistency.
  - B. Indicator lamp does not light: The problem is a faulty charging coil.



#### **BOSCH C.D. IGNITION**

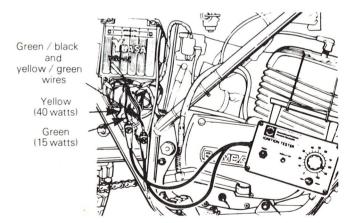
#### **TEST NO. 3: TRIGGER COIL OUTPUT**

- 1. Disconnect wire connector at C.D.I. electronic box.
- Connect tester P lead to\* violet wire leading from trigger coil using one (1) harness adaptor as illustrated. Connect tester N lead to brown wire, at wire connector, using one (1) harness adaptor.
- 3. Set tester switch to LOW position and dial at 60.
- Set transmission to neutral, place emergency stop switch in RUN position and turn ignition key to IGNITION position. Kick start pedal down vigorously.
- A. Indicator lamp lights: Trigger coil output is up to specifications. Repeat test at least three (3) times to verify reading and check for consistency.
- **B.** Indicator lamp does not light: The problem is a faulty coil.
- \* On some units the wire could be white.



#### **TEST NO. 4: LIGHTING COIL OUTPUT**

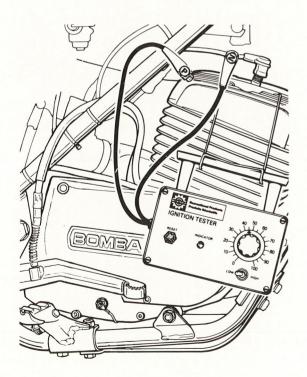
- NOTE: There are two (2) lighting coils 15 watts and 40 watts connected in parallel. To test each coil individually, it is necessary to separate the green and yellow wires coming from the lighting coils and leading to the regulator / rectifier.
- 1. Disconnect the green / black and yellow / green wires connector from the regulator-rectifier. Disconnect and separate the green and yellow wires from the regulator-rectifier.
- 2. Connect tester **P** lead to the **green** wire (15 watt coil). Connect tester **N** lead to green / black and yellow / green wire connector (see illustration).
- 3. Set tester switch to LOW position and dial at 85.
- 4. Set transmission to neutral, then kick start pedal down.
- A. Indicator lamp lights: Lighting coil is operating.
- B. Indicator lamp does not light: Lighting coil is defective.
- 2. Connect tester P lead to the **yellow** wire (40 watt coil) then repeat step 3 and 4.



#### MOTOPLAT CD IGNITION

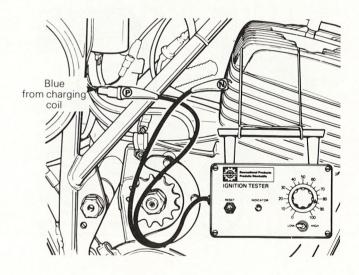
# TEST NO 5: IGNITION COIL OUTPUT TO SPARK PLUG

- NOTE: To obtain accurate readings it is necessary to install a new, correctly gapped spark plug. However, if test is performed on engine before spark plug is changed, a low or no reading could indicate a fouled or faulty spark plug. Replace by a new one and recheck.
- 1. Attach tester **P** lead to ground. Connect **N** lead over spark plug wire directly behind spark plug cap.
- 2. Set tester switch to LOW and dial at 40.
- 3. Select transmission neutral position and release emergency stop switch into upper position. Kick start pedal down vigorously.
- A. Indicator lamp lights: Coil output to spark plug is up to specifications. Repeat test at least three (3) times to verify reading and check for consistency.
- **B.** Indicator lamp does not light: Coil output is low or spark plug is faulty. Refer to previous "NOTE" or proceed to test no. 6.



#### **TEST NO. 6: CHARGING COIL OUTPUT**

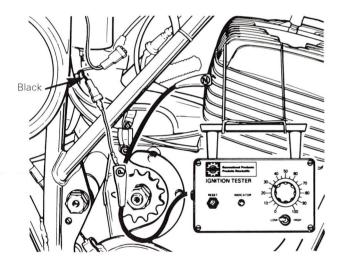
- 1. Disconnect two (2) wire connectors from the ignition coil.
- 2. Connect tester P test lead to **blue** wire leading from charging coil, using one (1) harness adaptor. Connect N test lead to a good engine ground.
- 3. Set tester switch to LOW position and dial at 85.
- 4. Set transmission to neutral, release emergency stop switch into upper position then kick start pedal down vigorously.
- A. Indicator lamp lights: Coil output is up to specifications. Repeat test at least three (3) times to verify reading and check for consistency.
- **B. Indicator lamp does not light:** The problem is a faulty coil.



#### MOTOPLAT CD IGNITION

#### **TEST NO 7: TRIGGER COIL OUTPUT**

- Disconnect two (2) wire connectors from the ignition coil.
- 2. Connect tester **P** lead to **black** wire leading from trigger coil, using one (1) harness adaptor. Connect **N** lead to a good engine ground.
- 3. Set tester switch to LOW position and dial at 30.
- 4. Set transmission to neutral, release emergency stop switch into upper position then kick start pedal down vigorously.
- A. Indicator lamp lights: Coil output is up to specifications. Repeat test at least three (3) times to verify reading and check for consistency.
- B. Indicator lamp does not light: The problem is a faulty coil.



## **TECHNICAL DATA**

## **IGNITION TIMING SPECIFICATIONS**

| MODEL      |       | C.D.<br>IGNITION<br>TYPE | B.T.D.C.<br>MEASUREMENT           | SPARK PLUG<br>NUMBER TYPE<br>14 mm x ¾'' REACH | SPARK<br>PLUG<br>GAP |
|------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|----------------------|
| MX-1       | 250сс | Bosch                    | 1.2 mm ± 0.02<br>(.047'' ± .001)  | CHAMPION N 59 G                                | 0.5 mm (.020'')      |
| GP         | 250cc | Bosch                    | 1.2 mm ± 0.02<br>(.047'' ± .001)  | CHAMPION N 59 G                                | 0.5 mm (.020'')      |
| MX-2       | 250cc | Bosch                    | 1.2 mm ± 0.02<br>(.047'' ± .001)  | CHAMPION N 59 G                                | 0.5 mm (.020'')      |
| MX-2       | 175cc | Motoplat                 | 1.0 mm ± 0.02<br>(.039'' ± .001)  | CHAMPION N 59 G                                | 0.38 mm (.015'')     |
| MX-2       | 125cc | Motoplat                 | 0.85 mm ± 0.02<br>(.033'' ± .001) | CHAMPION N 59 G                                | 0.38 mm (.015'')     |
| T'NT       | 250cc | Bosch                    | 1.2 mm ± 0.02<br>(.047'' ± .001)  | CHAMPION N 57 G                                | 0.5 mm (.020'')      |
| T'NT       | 175cc | Bosch                    | 1.2 mm ± 0.02<br>(.047'' ± .001)  | CHAMPION N 57 G                                | 0.5 mm (.020'')      |
| T'NT       | 125cc | Bosch                    | 1.2 mm ± 0.02<br>(.047'' ± .001)  | CHAMPION N 57 G                                | 0.5 mm (.020'')      |
| T'NT O / F | 175cc | Bosch                    | 1.2 mm ± 0.02<br>(.047'' ± .001)  | CHAMPION N 57 G                                | 0.5 mm (.020'')      |

### **COIL RESISTANCE CHART**

| MODEL               | IGNITION<br>TYPE | MAXIMUM<br>IGNITION<br>OUTPUT | MAXIMUM<br>ALTERNATOR<br>OUTPUT | CHARGING<br>COIL | LIGHTING<br>COIL | TRIGGER<br>COIL | BRAKE<br>LIGHT<br>COIL |
|---------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| MX-1 250cc          | Bosch            | 30000 volts                   | 55 W                            | 450-550          | .8-1.2           | 50-80           | 7-9                    |
| G.P. 250cc          | Bosch            | 30000 volts                   |                                 | 450-550          |                  | 50-80           |                        |
| MX-2 250cc          | Bosch            | 30000 volts                   |                                 | 450-550          |                  | 50-80           |                        |
| MX-2 175cc          | Motoplat         | 40000 volts                   |                                 | 120 ①            |                  | 8.5-11          |                        |
| T'NT 250cc          | Bosch            | 30000 volts                   | 55 W                            | 450-550          | .8-1.2           | 50-80           | 7-9                    |
| T'NT 175cc          | Bosch            | 30000 volts                   | 55 W                            | 450-550          | .8-1.2           | 50-80           | 7-9                    |
| T'NT 125cc          | Bosch            | 30000 volts                   | 55 W                            | 450-550          | .8-1.2           | 50-80           | 7-9                    |
| T'NT 175cc<br>O / R | Bosch            | 30000 volts                   | 55 W                            | 450-550          | .8-1.2           | 50-80           | 7-9                    |

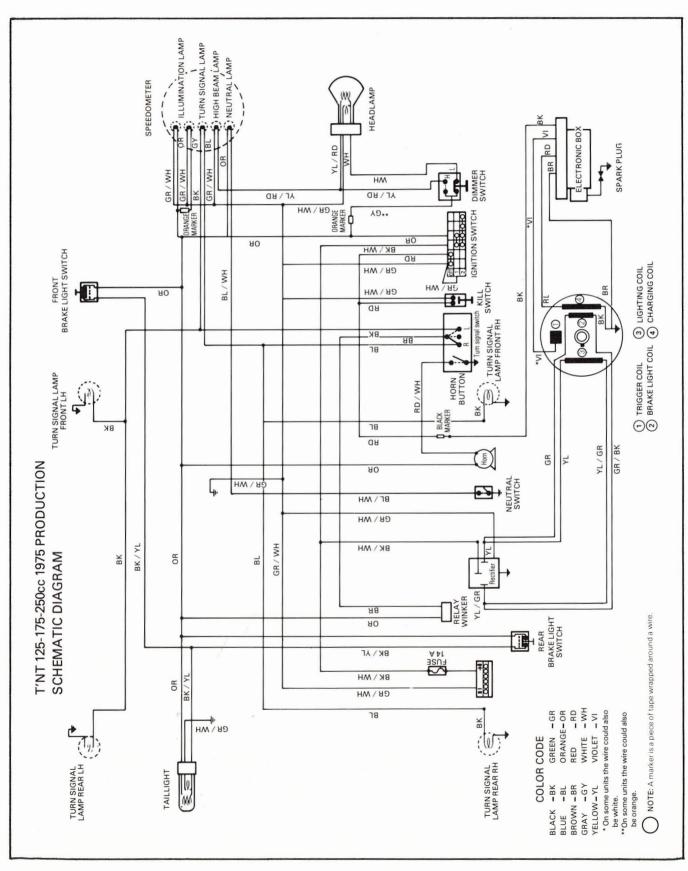
All values are given in ohms.

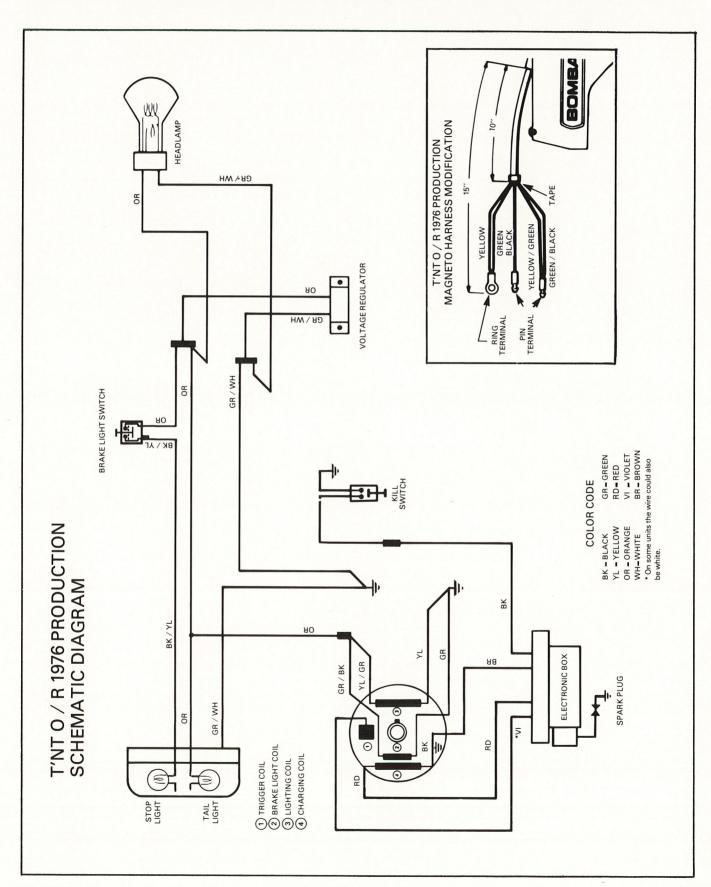
NOTE: If ohmmeter readings are below specifications, inverse the test lead and perform the test again, test for highest possible reading.

① ± 10%

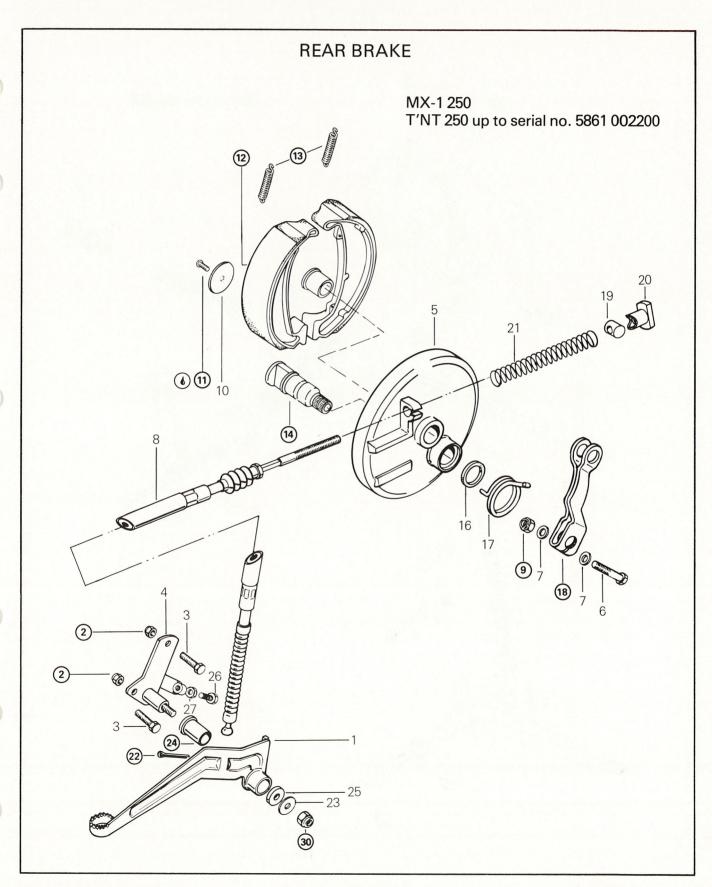
# **BULB SPECIFICATIONS**

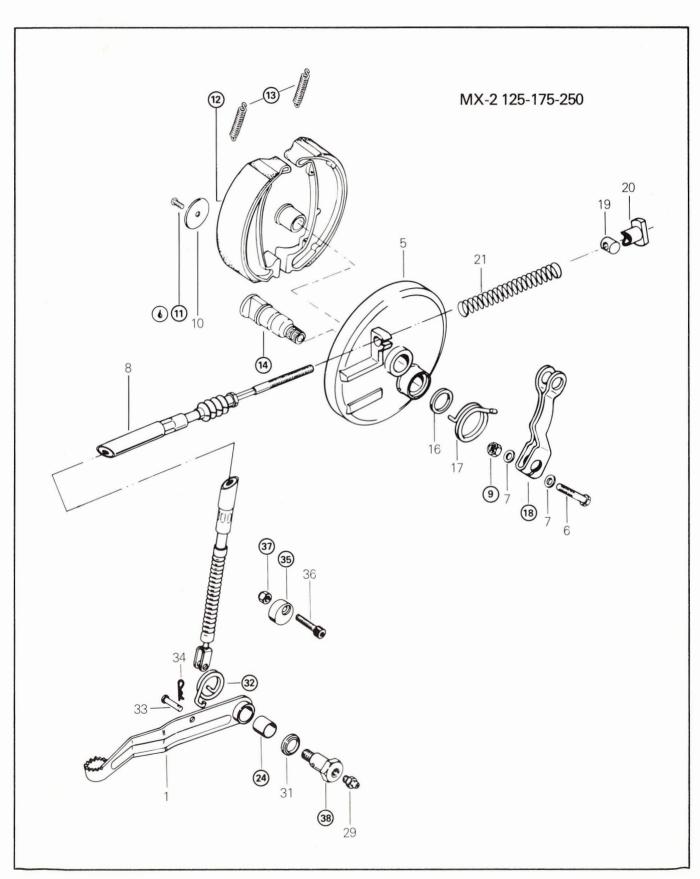
|                               | 1975<br>T'NT 125-175-250cc | 1976<br>T'NT O / R 175cc |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Battery rating                | 5 A / H                    |                          |
| Fuse                          | 14 amps                    |                          |
| Headlamp                      | 25 / 25 W (sealed beam)    | 35 / 35W (bulb)          |
| Taillight bulb                | 8 / 27 W                   | 3/3W                     |
| Speedometer illumination bulb | 1.7 W                      |                          |
| Neutral indicator bulb        | 2.8 W                      |                          |
| Hi-beam indicator bulb        | 1.7 W                      |                          |
| Turn-signal indicator bulb    | 2.8 W                      |                          |
| Turn signal bulb              | 23 W                       |                          |
| Turn signal (winker relay)    | 3.75 W signal stat no. 142 |                          |



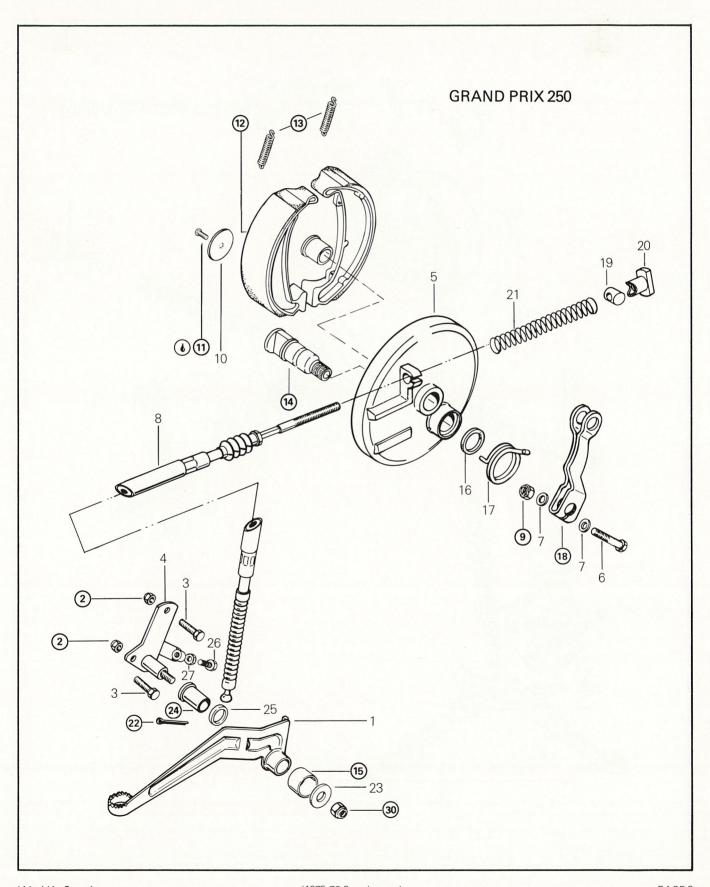


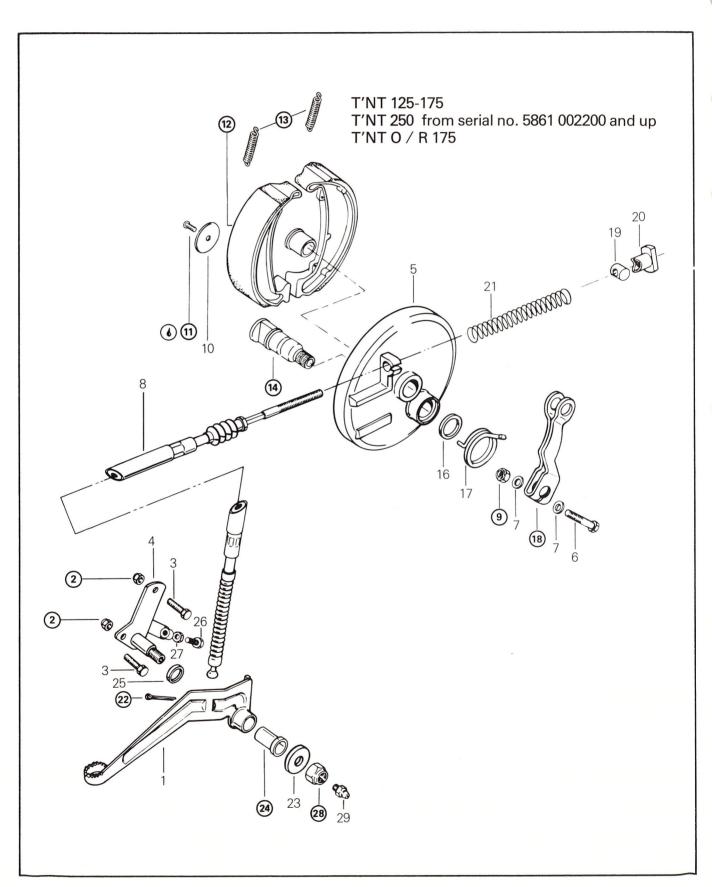






# WHEELS AND BRAKES





# (Sub-Section 3-9)

# WHEELS AND BRAKES

- 1. Brake pedal
- 2. Elastic stop nut M8 x 1.25
- 3. Hex. bolt M8 x 1.25 x 20
- 4. Pivot mount
- 5. Backing plate
- 6. Hex. bolt M6 x 1.00 x 35
- 7. Flat washer 6 mm x 12 x 1.5
- 8. Brake cable
- 9. Elastic stop nut M6 x 1.00
- 10. Retaining washer (brake shoe)
- 11. Pan head screw M5 x 0.80 x 10
- 12. Brake shoe
- 13. Brake shoe spring

- 14. Cam
- 15. Nylon protection sleeve
- 16. Felt seal
- 17. Spring (brake arm)
- 18. Brake arm
- 19. Barrel
- 20. Adjuster nut
- 21. Spring (brake cable)
- 22. Cotter pin
- 23. Flat washer 8 mm x 1.25 x 25
- 24. Nylon bushing
- 25. Nylon ring
- 26. Adjuster screw M6 x 1.00 x 20

- 27. Hex. nut M6 x 1.00
- 28. Elastic stop nut M10 x 1.5
- 29. Grease fitting
- 30. Elastic stop nut M8 x 1.25
- 31. Brake pedal washer
- 32. Spring
- 33. Clevis pin
- 34. Air pin cotter
- 35. Eccentric bushing (stopper)
- 36. Hex. bolt M8 x 1.25 x 20
- 37. Elastic stop nut M8 x 1.25
- 38. Pivot shaft

#### REMOVAL

Mount the motorcycle on a box or a stand and remove the wheel.

#### **DISASSEMBLY & ASSEMBLY**

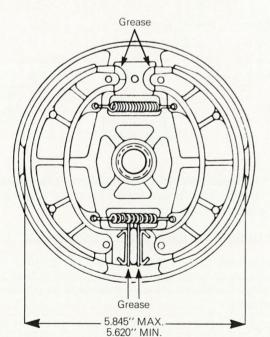
- ② At assembly, torque to 2.-2.8 kg-m (15-20 ft-lb).
- (9) At assembly, torque to .7-.8 kg-m (5-6 ft-lb).
- ① At assembly, apply Loctite "Lock'n Seal" on screw threads and torque to .4-.5 kg-m (3-4 ft-lb).



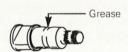


WARNING: Brake lining limits are: 148.5 mm (5.845") maximum (when fitting new parts). 142.7 mm (5.620") minimum (linings must be replaced).

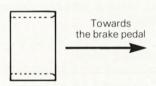
Wheel hub inside diameter 149.8 mm (5.900").



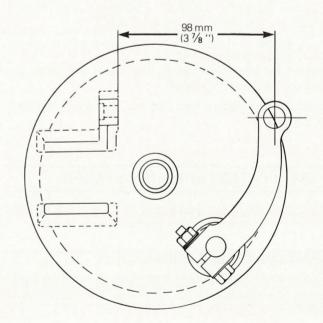
- (3) It is recommended to replace the brake shoe springs, everytime new brake shoes are fitted.
- (4) At assembly, apply a light coat of lithium grease.



(5) At assembly, on Grand Prix model, the protection sleeve must be installed with its radius end towards the brake pedal.



(B) At assembly, position the brake arm as illustrated.



# WHEELS AND BRAKES



WARNING: Make sure to install a new cotter pin every time the brake cable and / or the brake pedal is disassembled.

- At assembly, mount the bushing with a coat of lithium grease.
- (12-15 ft-lb).
- @ 3 The eccentric stopper bushing should be removed when assembling the pedal. This will give the possibility of lifting the pedal to a higher position, reducing the tension on the return spring and facilitating the assembly.
- (3) At assembly, torque to 2-2.8 kg-m (15-20 ft-lb).
- **39** At assembly, torque to 2.8-3.5 kg-m (20-25 ft-lb).

#### **CLEANING AND INSPECTION**

Clean the brake shoes thoroughly with soapy water. Clean the brake plate, cam and pedal components using a degreaser solvent. Dry using compressed air.



WARNING: Solvent with low flash point such as gasoline, naphtha, benzol, etc. should not be used as they are flammable and explosive.

Reclean brake shoes and brake hub friction surface using lacquer thinner or acetone to remove any oil film.



WARNING: Always perform this procedure in a well ventilated area.

NOTE: If wheel hub is rusted, polish the friction surface with sand paper.

Inspect the wheel hub for cracking, scoring, pitting, out of round, etc., if damaged, replace.

Inspect wheel bearings (See wheel bearing removal). Inspect the lining condition. Replace if the lining is grease or oil soaked, or if lining is badly grooved.

NOTE: If lining surface has a baked finish, rub it off using a fine sand paper.

Inspect backing plate casting, cam shaft and brake arm splines. Replace if damaged.

Inspect brake pedal nylon bushing. If worn or damaged, replace.

#### INSTALLATION AND ADJUSTMENT

To install the brake pedal and / or the backing plate ass'y inverse the removal procedure.

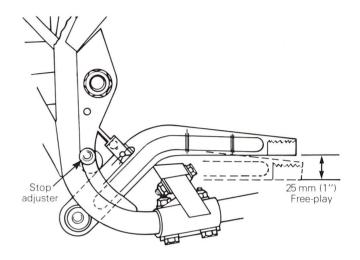
#### Brake pedal height adjustment

The desired brake pedal height can be attained by altering the position of the stop adjuster. (See illustration).

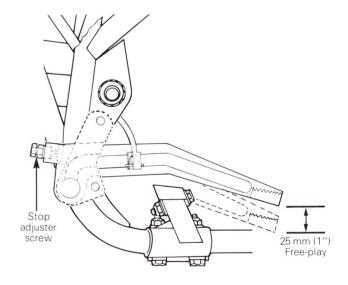
### Rear brake adjustment

Turn the cable adjusting nut until the brake pedal free play is 25 mm (1").

#### MX-2 MODEL



#### ALL MODELS (EXCEPT MX-2)





WARNING: When cable adjustment has reached its final limit, brake linings must be replaced or impaired braking may occur.

## Rear brake stop lamp switch adjustment

The rear brake stop lamp switch should be adjusted so that the stop lamp goes on when the brake pedal completes its free play travel and starts its application of the brake.

In order to achieve this adjustment, the stop lamp switch can be moved up or down in its mounting place.

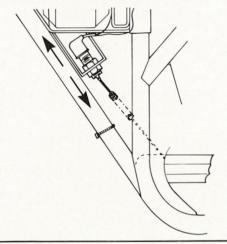
# (Sub-Section 3-9)

# WHEELS AND BRAKES

To make this adjustment:

Remove the right hand side number plate.

Loosen the switch mounting nuts, move the switch to the correct position and retighten the mounting nuts.



## WHEEL BEARING SERVICE

Mount the motorcycle on a stand or a box to hold the wheels clear of the ground. Rotate the wheels slowly and check for noisy bearings. Any lateral motion from the vertical center line of the wheels indicates worn bearings.

### Disassembly



WARNING: 1975 Grand Prix and MX-2 wheels have magnesium hubs. Magnesium must be heated with great care to avoid personal injury. Use a torch with a large soft flame (butane), heat the boss with 4 to 5 rapid circular passes.

Remove wheel(s) from machine.

Remove wheel bearing seal and / or dust cover.

Heat inside bearing boss in hub with butane torch, place heated side on work bench and tap out bearing using a flat ended punch and hammer.

Set bearing distance spacer aside. Heat outer bearing boss and tap out outer bearing.



CAUTION: Always apply heat to remove or install wheel bearings, failure to apply heat can result in metal being drawn out from the bearing boss, causing a loose fitting bearing within the hub.

#### Cleaning and inspection

Clean bearings, distance spacer and wheel hub with solvent. Dry using compressed air.



WARNING: Solvent with low flash point such as gasoline, naphtha, benzol, etc., should not be used as they are flammable and explosive.

Clean brake friction surface with lacquer thinner to remove any oil film.



WARNING: Always perform this procedure in a well ventilated area.

Check if the inner and outer races of the wheel bearings are cracked, pitted or chaffed. Rotate the bearing and check for roughness.

Inspect wheel hub at bearing bosses and inside where the distance spacer is supported. If distorted, fractured or worn, replace hub.

Inspect dust seal lips. If damaged, replace.

Check the bearing fit within the hub bosses. If a loose fit is encountered, a hub replacement is necessary.

### Re-assembly

Pack the wheel bearings with a waterproof wheel bearing grease.

Heat one side of the hub around bearing boss, seat bearing into hub.



CAUTION: Be careful not to slant the bearing in the mount.

Turn the wheel over, install bearing distance spacer. Heat hub around bearing boss and install the other bearing.



NOTE: The shielded portion of the bearings must face towards the outside of the wheel.

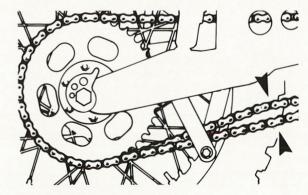
Allow hub to cool, mount dust cover and seal properly. Remount wheel(s) onto machine.

### DRIVE CHAIN ADJUSTMENT

Loosen the rear axle nut and move each adjuster plate equally to tighten or loosen chain as required.



**NOTE:** Alignment marks must be at the same position on each side of wheel.

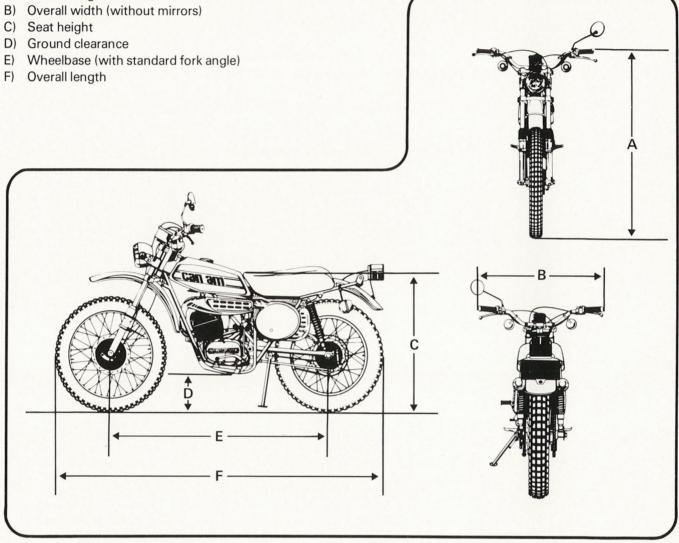


## Adjust chain slack to:

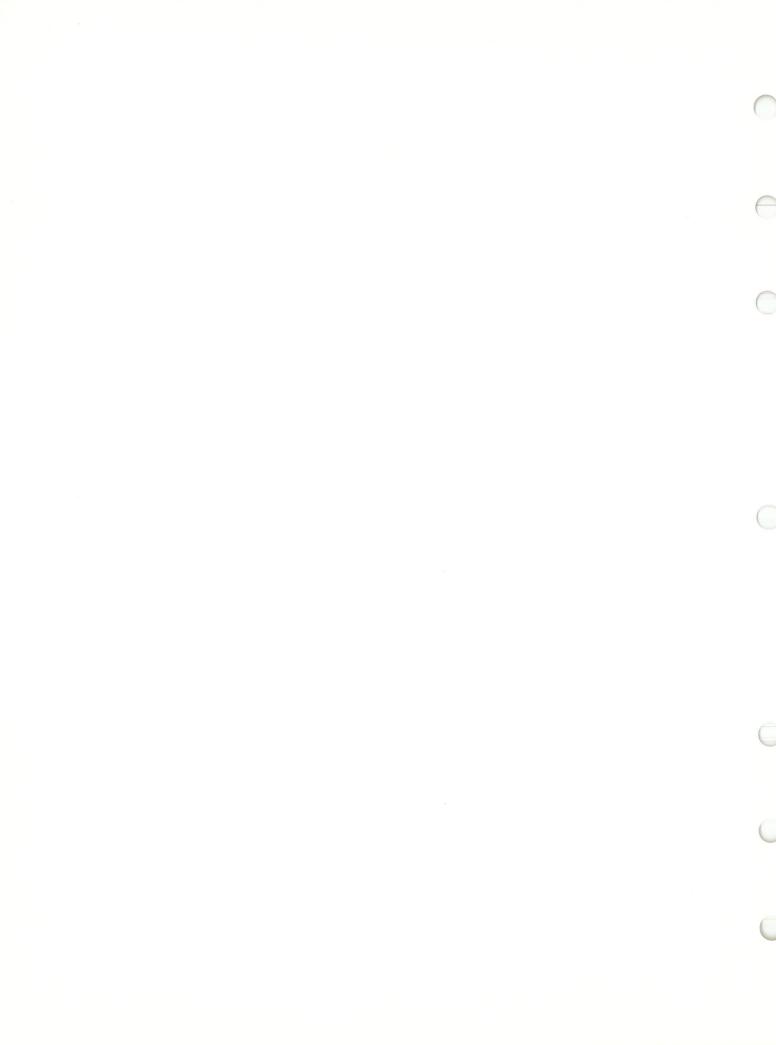
MX-1, T'NT, T'NT O / R: 25 mm (1'') MX-2 and Grand-Prix: 40 mm (1 5/8 '')



- A) Overall height (without mirror)



|   | 1975<br>MX-1<br>250 | 1975<br>T'NT<br>125 & 175 | 1975<br>T'NT<br>250 | 1975<br>MX-2<br>125 & 175 | 1975<br>MX-2<br>250 | 1976<br>T'NT O / R<br>175 |
|---|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|
| Α | 114.3 cm (45 in.)   | 114.3 cm (45 in.)         | 114.3 cm (45 in.)   | 114.3 cm (45 in.)         | 114.3 cm (45 in.)   | 114.3 cm (45 in.)         |
| В | 86.4 cm (34 in.)    | 86.4 cm (34 in.)          | 86.4 cm (34 in.)    | 86.4 cm (34 in.)          | 86.4 cm (34 in.)    | 86.4 cm (34 in.)          |
| С | 84 cm (33 in.)      | 84 cm (33 in.)            | 84 cm (33 in.)      | 85.1 cm (33½ in.)         | 85.1 cm (33½ in.)   | 84 cm (33 in.)            |
| D | 18 cm (7 in.)       | 22.9 cm (9 in.)           | 18 cm (7 in.)       | 18 cm (7 in.)             | 18 cm (7 in.)       | 22.9 cm (9 in.)           |
| Е | 140 cm (55 in.)     | 140 cm (55 in.)           | 140 cm (55 in.)     | 138.4 cm (54½ in.)        | 140 cm (55 in.)     | 140 cm (55 in.)           |
| F | 213.4 cm (84 in.)   | 213.4 (84 in.)            | 213.4 cm (84 in.)   | 213.4 cm (84 in.)         | 213.4 cm (84 in. )  | 213.4 cm (84 in.)         |



| ITEM                               | USE  | APPLICABLE TO     |
|------------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| Insertion pusher.<br>(420 277 850) | To install kick starter oil seal.                            | All engine types. |
| (420 277 860)                      | To install crankcase magneto side oil seal.                  |                   |
| (420 277 875)                      | To install disc valve cover oil seal.                        |                   |
| (420 277 870)                      | To install transmission main shaft oil seal (sprocket side). |                   |

| (420 276 190)<br>(420 276 200)             | To install polyamid ring in crankcase. | (420 276 190)<br>All engine types.<br>(420 276 200)<br>125-175cc engine only. |
|--|--|---|
|  |  |   |
| Pump gear holder<br>(420 277 900)          |  | All engine types.   |
|  |  |   |
| Crankshaft locating bolt.<br>(420 241 960) | To lock crankshaft at top dead center. | All engine types.   |
|  |  |   |

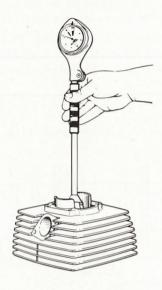
Bearing puller. A) (420 840 680) Screw M8 x 40 (420 940 491) Screw M8 x 35 B) (420 840 680) C) (420 977 480) All engine types. D) (420 277 890) Special puller All engine types. Clutch side bearing. 125-175cc engine. Magneto side bearing. (420 276 020) All 250cc engine magneto side bearing. A) Allen screw M8 x 35 Allen screw M8 x 40 B) Puller C) Ring for puller. D) Ring half for ball bearing. All engines equipped with a Rotor puller. Motoplat ignition system. (420 287 030) Flywheel puller. All engines equipped with a (420 277 805) Bosch ignition system.

# TOOLS

| Clutch hub locking tool. (420 277 885)  |                                    | All engine types.   |
|---|------------------------------------|---|
| Ignition tester (419 0033 00)   | Engine electronic components test. | All engine types.   |
| Crankcase separator.  A) Allen screw M8 x 35 B) Puller C) Protector cap D) Extractor plate E) Allen screw M5 x 20 | To split engine crankcase.         | All engine types.  A) (420 940 491)     Allen screw M8 x 35  B) (420 840 680)  C) (420 276 920)  D) (420 276 910)  E) (420 240 180)     Allen screw M5 x 20 |

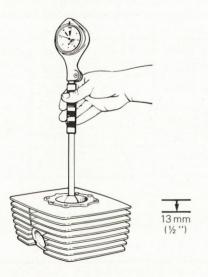
### Cylinder taper

Measure cylinder diameter 16 mm ( $\frac{5}{8}$  ") from top of cylinder and down to just below the intake port. If the difference between each measurement exceed 0.08 mm (.003") the cylinder should be rebored and honed or should be replaced.



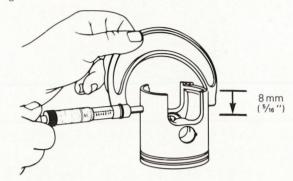
## Cylinder out of round

Measuring 13 mm (½") from top of cylinder with a cylinder gauge, check if the cylinder out of round is more than 0.05 mm (.002") larger, cylinder should be rebored and honed or should be replaced.



## Piston to cylinder wall clearance

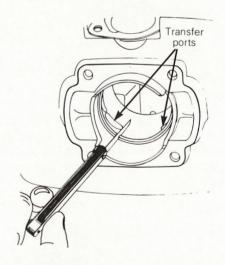
To determine this clearance, the piston should be measured 8 mm ( $\frac{5}{16}$ ") above its bottom edge and the cylinder should be measured 13 mm ( $\frac{1}{2}$ ") below its top edge.



The difference between these two measurements should be within specified tolerance.

### Ring end gap

Position ring under the transfer ports. Using a feeler gauge, check ring end gap. If gap exceed specified tolerance the ring should be replaced.



## Squish area measurement / compression ratio

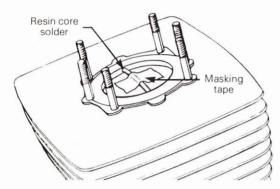
In a criss-cross sequence, gradually remove the cylinder head nuts, then remove the head. Note the head shim / s used, (if any).

Bring the piston to ¼" B.T.D.C. and place a length of resin core solder (maximum of ½ " diameter) across the piston, making sure it is positioned parallel to the wrist pin to obtain an equal reading on each side of the cylinder.

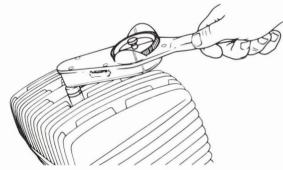
V

CAUTION: Do not use acid core solder, the acid can damage the piston and cylinder wall.

NOTE: To hold the resin core solder in place, clean the piston surface and use masking tape.

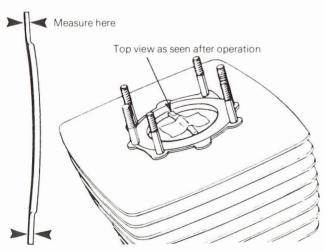


Install the cylinder head and using a criss-cross sequence, gradually torque the cylinder head nuts to the correct specifications:



Using the magneto side crankshaft nut, rotate the crankshaft in order for the piston to pass the T.D.C. point.

Remove the head, remove the resin core solder and measure both ends.



Using this measurement, calculate the required head shim(s) needed to provide the specified squish area.

NOTE: The head shim is not a head gasket and does not need replacement unless damaged.

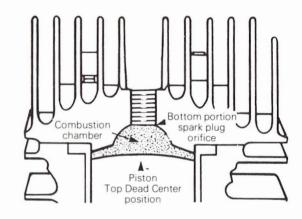
Fit the necessary shim / s (if required) and, using a criss-cross sequence, gradually torque the head nuts to the correct torque.



CAUTION: It is imperative to check the compression ratio after the squish has been corrected.

To check the compression ratio, bring the piston to the top dead center position and pour a given amount (see chart) of oil (30 grade) into the combustion chamber through the spark plug orifice.

The compression ratio will be correct, when the specific given amount of oil fills the combustion chamber up to the bottom portion of the spark plug orifice.



| MODEL      | REQUIRED VOLUME<br>OF OIL :<br>(30 grade) | NOMINAL<br>= COMPRESSION<br>RATIO |
|------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| MX-1 250cc | 20.6 ml + 0.9 ml<br>- 0.8 ml              | 12.5-13.5 to 1                    |
| MX-2 125cc | 8.85 ml + 0.3 ml                          | 14.5-15.5 to 1                    |
| MX-2 175cc | 13.4 ml - 0.6 ml                          | 13.5-14.5 to 1                    |
| MX-2 250cc | 19.8 ml + 0.9 ml<br>- 0.8 ml              | 13-14 to 1                        |
| T'NT 125cc | 10.3 ml + 0.4 ml                          | 12.5-13.5 to 1                    |
| T'NT 175cc | 14.5 ml - 0.6 ml                          | 12.5-13.5 to 1                    |
| T'NT 250cc | 20.6 ml + 0.9 ml<br>- 0.8 ml              | 12.5-13.5 to 1                    |

If the compression ratio is proven to be too low or too high, consult the possibility chart to guide you in a remedy procedure.



CAUTION: To carry out some of the following procedures, it is necessary that special equipment be available. If you do not possess such equip-

ment, have the cylinder head modified in a workshop equipped with proper tooling.

## **POSSIBILITY CHART**

| SQUISH TOO SMALL           |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Compression ratio OK       | Machine the squish angle to correct squish, then machine the flat surface of the cylinder head to correct the compression and re-verify the squish.   |
| Compression ratio too high | Add shim / s.   |
| SQUISH TOO LARGE           |   |
| Compression ratio OK       | Machine flat surface of cylinder head to correct the squish and then machine the radius of the combustion chamber to correct the compression ratio.   |
| Compression ratio too low  | Remove the shim / s (if any) or machine flat surface of cylinder head to correct squish and verify compression ratio.   |
| Compression ratio too high | Remove the shim / s (if any) to correct squish or machine flat surface of the cylinder head to correct squish and then machine the radius of the combustion chamber to correct the compression ratio.                               |
| SQUISH OK                  |   |
| Compression ratio too low  | Remove the shim / s (if any) to correct the compression or machine the flat surface of the cylinder head to correct the compression and then machine the squish angle to re-correct the squish and re-verify the compression ratio. |
| Compression ratio too high | Machine the radius of the combustion chamber to correct the compression ratio.  |
| COMPRESSION RATIO OK       |   |
| Squish too small           | Machine the squish angle to correct squish then machine the flat surface of the cylinder head to correct the compression and re-verify the squish.  |
| Squish too large           | Remove the shim/s (if any) or machine the flat surface of cylinder head to correct the squish then machine the radius of the combustion chamber to correct the compression ratio.   |

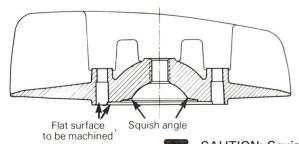
| COMPRESSION RATIO TOO H | COMPRESSION RATIO TOO HIGH  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Squish too small        | Add shim / s and verify the compression ratio.  |  |  |  |
| Squish OK               | Machine the radius of the combustion chamber to correct the compression.  |  |  |  |
| Squish too large        | Remove shim / s (if any) or machine the flat surface of the cylinder head to correct squish and then machine the radius of the combustion chamber to correct the compression.   |  |  |  |
| COMPRESSION RATIO TOO L | OW  |  |  |  |
| Squish too small        | Remove the shim / s (if any) to correct the compression or machine the flat surface of the cylinder head to correct the compression ratio and then machine the squish angle to correct the squish, re-verify the compression ratio. |  |  |  |
| Squish too large        | Remove the shim / s (if any) or machine the flat surface of the cylinder head to correct the squish and verify compression ratio.   |  |  |  |
| Squish OK               | Machine the flat surface of the cylinder head to correct the compression and then machine the squish angle to re-correct the squish.  |  |  |  |

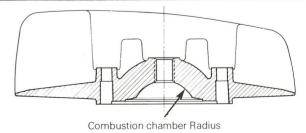


CAUTION: It is very difficult to pre-determine the amount of material to remove from the cylinder head anytime the squish and / or compression ratio needs to be modified, so, when machining is required, we recommend very light cuts and verify the results between each cut.

| SQUISH ANGLE | SQUISH ANGLE        |               |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|---------------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| MX-1         | 250cc               | 118 mm Radius |  |  |  |  |  |
| MX-2         | 125cc               | 9° 30′        |  |  |  |  |  |
| MX-2         | 1 <sub>,</sub> 75cc | 9°            |  |  |  |  |  |
| MX-2 & G.P.  | 250cc               | 16°           |  |  |  |  |  |
| T'NT         | 125cc               | 9° 30′        |  |  |  |  |  |
| T'NT         | 175cc               | 9°            |  |  |  |  |  |
| T'NT         | 250cc               | 118 mm Radius |  |  |  |  |  |

| COMBUSTION  | COMBUSTION CHAMBER RADIUS           |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| MX-1        | MX-1 250cc 27 mm (1.063'')          |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| MX-2        | 125cc                               | 21 mm (0.826'') |  |  |  |  |  |
| MX-2        | 175cc 23.40 mm (.921'')             |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| MX-2 & G.P. | 2. 250cc 27 mm (1.063''             |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| T'NT        | 125cc 22.3 mm (0.878                |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| T'NT        | <b>T'NT</b> 175cc 23.8 mm (0.937'') |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| T'NT        | 250cc                               | 27 mm (1.063'') |  |  |  |  |  |

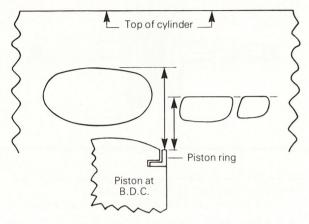




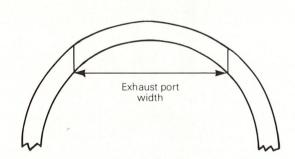
CAUTION: Squish area and compression ratio are interrelated, do not modify one without checking the other.

## Port heights measurement

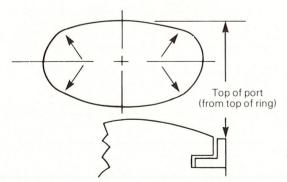
 Port heights are measured on the inside diameter of the cylinder and are taken from the top of the piston ring with the piston at bottom dead center (BDC).



 The exhaust port width is measured in a straight line from edge to edge (Not around the cylinder wall).



 The height and width specifications do not include port radius or edge chamfer.



The port shape must be approximately as shown to prevent piston ring breakage. The radius in each "Corner" guides the piston ring back into place as the piston travels past the port.

## Rotary valve timing

The rotary valve controls the opening and closing of the intake port, therefore, its installation position is critical toward efficient operation.

For example, an MX-2 engine with the following specifications:

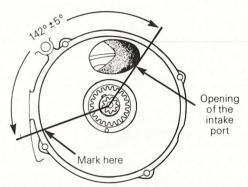
Disc opening at: 142° B.T.D.C.

Disc closing at 85° A.T.D.C.

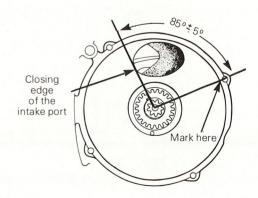
Disc is asymetrical.

#### Proceed as follows:

Using a degree wheel, mark 142° after the opening of the intake port. (degrees follow a counter-clockwise direction).

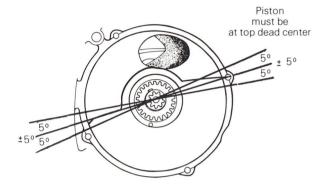


From the closing edge of the intake port, mark 85° (degrees follow a clockwise direction.



Using a dial indicator, place the piston at top dead center to have the edges of the disc as close as possible to the marks. If the edges do not align exactly, make sure the **error** is subdivided equally on either side of the marks. The maximum tolerance is 5° on either side of the marks.

NOTE: The disc can be reversed to obtain a better result.



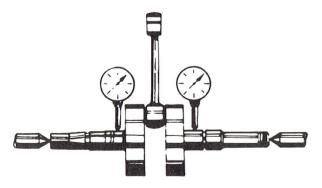
Position the disc to have the edges as close as possible to the marks.

The maximum tolerance is 5° on either side of the marks.

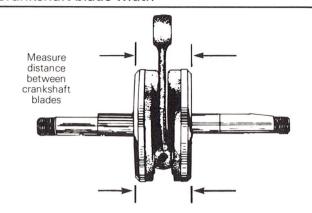
NOTE: The disc can be reversed to obtain a better result.

### Crankshaft excentricity

With the crankshaft positioned between a center lathe, install a dial indicator as close as possible to crankshaft blade then measure deflection on each side. If deflection exceed 0.05 mm (.002") the crankshaft should be repaired by a specialized shop or it should be replaced.



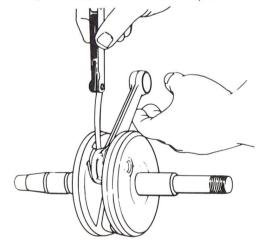
#### Crankshaft blade width



The distance between the two points must be equal.

## Connecting rod big end axial play

Using a feeler gauge measure distance between connecting rod and thrust washer. If axial play exceed 0.7 mm (.028"), the crankshaft should be replaced.



| POWER HEAD                            |                   |                              |                |           |                       |                       |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|----------------|-----------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Cylinder bore nominal                 | dimension         | STANDARD                     | FIR<br>OVER    |           | SECOND<br>OVERSIZED   | THIRD<br>OVERSIZED    |
|                                       | 125cc             | 54 mm<br>(2.130'')           | 54.25<br>(2.13 |           | 54.50 mm<br>(2.146'') | 54.75 mm<br>(2.155'') |
|                                       | 175cc             | 62 mm<br>(2.440'')           | 62.25<br>(2.45 |           | 62.50 mm<br>(2.460'') | 62.75 mm<br>(2.470'') |
|                                       | 250cc             | 74 mm<br>(2.914'')           | 74.25<br>(2.92 | mm        | 74.50 mm<br>(2.933'') | 74.75 mm<br>(2.943'') |
|                                       |                   | WHEN                         | FITTING        | 3 NEW     | PARTS                 |                       |
|                                       |                   | MINIMU                       | М              | N         | IAXIMUM               | WEAR<br>LIMIT         |
| Piston to cylinder wal                | clearance         |                              |                |           |                       |                       |
|                                       | 125cc             | .06 mm (.00                  | 24′′)          |           |                       | .15 mm (.006'')       |
|                                       | 175cc             | .07 mm (.00                  | 28′′)          |           |                       | .15 mm (.006'')       |
|                                       | 250cc             | .08 mm (.00                  | 32'')          |           |                       | .17 mm (.0067'        |
| Piston ring end gap                   |                   |                              |                | Walley B. |                       |                       |
|                                       | 125cc             | 0.2 mm (.00                  | )8′′)          | 0.35      | 5 mm (.014'')         | .8 mm (.031′′)        |
|                                       | 175cc             | 0.25 mm (.0                  | 10′′)          | 0.4       | mm (.016'')           | .8 mm (.031'')        |
|                                       | 250cc             | 0.25 mm (.0                  | 10′′)          | 0.4       | mm (.016'')           | .8 mm (.031'')        |
| Squish area measurer                  | ment + .005'' — 0 |                              |                |           |                       |                       |
| T'NT, MX-2                            | 125cc             | 0.89 mm (.0                  | 35′′)          |           |                       |                       |
| T'NT, MX-2                            | 175cc             | 1.02 mm (.0                  | 40′′)          |           |                       |                       |
| T'NT, MX-1, MX-2, G                   | .P. 250cc         | 1.27 mm (.0                  | 50′′)          |           |                       |                       |
| Compression ratio (ur                 | ncorrected)       |                              |                |           |                       |                       |
| MX-2                                  | 125cc             | 14.5 to 1                    |                |           | 15.5 to 1             |                       |
| MX-2                                  | 175cc             | 13.5 to 1                    |                |           | 14.5 to 1             |                       |
| MX-2, G.P.                            | 250cc             | 13 to 1                      |                |           | 14 to 1               |                       |
| T'NT                                  | 125, 175, 250cc   | 12.5 to 1                    |                |           | 13.5 to 1             |                       |
| MX-1                                  | 250cc             | 12.5 to 1                    |                |           | 13.5 to 1             |                       |
| Exhaust port height                   |                   |                              |                |           |                       |                       |
| T'NT                                  | 125cc             | 26.3 mm (1.0                 |                |           |                       |                       |
| T'NT, T'NT O / R                      | 175cc             | 27.5 mm (1.0                 |                |           |                       |                       |
| T'NT, MX-1                            | 250cc             | 29.2 mm (1.1                 |                |           |                       |                       |
| MX-2                                  | 125cc             | 27.5 mm (1.0                 |                |           |                       |                       |
| MX-2                                  | 175cc             | 28.5 mm (1.1                 |                |           |                       |                       |
| MX-2<br>G.P.                          | 250cc<br>250cc    | 29.2 mm (1.1<br>29.2 mm (1.1 | ALC: THE       |           |                       |                       |
| \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ |                   |                              |                |           |                       |                       |
| Exhaust port width T'NT               | 125cc             | 36 mm (1.4                   | 19′′)          |           |                       |                       |
| INI                                   | 12000             | 30 mm (1.4                   | 10 /           |           |                       |                       |

|  |                 | WHEN FITTING NEW PARTS |                      |               |
|--|-----------------|------------------------|----------------------|---------------|
|  |                 | MINIMUM                | MAXIMUM              | WEAR<br>LIMIT |
| Exhaust port width (cont<br>T'NT, MX-1 | inued)<br>250cc | 50 mm (1.969'')        |                      |               |
| MX-2                                   | 125cc           | 40 mm (1.575'')        |                      |               |
| MX-2                                   | 175cc           | 44 mm (1.733'')        |                      |               |
| MX-2                                   | 250cc           | 54 mm (2.126'')        |                      |               |
| G.P.                                   | 250cc           | 55 mm (2.166'')        |                      |               |
| Transfer port height                   |                 |                        |                      |               |
| T'NT                                   | 125cc           | 12.5 mm (.492'')       |                      |               |
| T'NT, T'NT O / R                       | 175cc           | 13.5 mm (.532'')       |                      |               |
| T'NT, MX-1                             | 250cc           | 13.8 mm (.544'')       |                      |               |
| MX-2                                   | 125cc           | 13 mm (.512'')         |                      |               |
| MX-2                                   | 175cc           | 14.2 mm (.559'')       |                      |               |
| MX-2                                   | 250cc           | 14.3 mm (.563'')       |                      |               |
| G.P.                                   | 250cc           | 14.3 mm (.563'')       |                      |               |
| Rotary valve disc opens                | BTDC            |                        |                      |               |
| T'NT                                   | 125, 175, 250cc | 137°                   |                      |               |
| MX-1                                   | 250cc           | 137°                   |                      |               |
| MX-2                                   | 125, 175, 250cc | 142°                   |                      |               |
| G.P.                                   | 250cc           | 140°                   |                      |               |
| Rotary valve discs closes              | ATDC            |                        |                      |               |
| T'NT                                   | 125, 175, 250cc | 75°                    |                      |               |
| MX-1                                   | 250cc           | 75°                    |                      |               |
| MX-2                                   | 125, 175, 250cc | 85°                    |                      |               |
| G.P.                                   | 250cc           | 80°                    |                      |               |
| Cylinder sleeve outside o              | liameter        |                        |                      |               |
| T'NT                                   | 125cc           | 60.102 mm (2.366'')    | 60.121 mm (2.367'')  |               |
| MX-2                                   | 125cc           | 59.102 mm (2.3268'')   | 59.121 mm (2.3275'') |               |
| T'NT, T'NT O / R, MX-2                 |                 | 68.102 mm (2.681'')    | 68.121 mm (2.682'')  |               |
| T'NT, MX-1                             | 250cc           | 81.124 mm (3.1938'')   | 81.146 mm (3.1947'') |               |
| MX-2, G.P.                             | 250cc           | 80.124 mm (3.1545'')   | 80.146 mm (3.1554'') |               |
| Cylinder inside dia. (W /              | O sleeve)       |                        |                      |               |
| T'NT                                   | 125cc           | 60 mm (2.362'')        | 60.03 mm (2.363'')   |               |
| MX-2                                   | 125cc           | 59 mm (2.323'')        | 59.03 mm (2.324'')   |               |
| T'NT, T'NT O / R, MX-2                 | 2 175cc         | 68 mm (2.677'')        | 68.03 mm (2.678'')   |               |
| T'NT, MX-1                             | 250cc           | 81 mm (3.189'')        | 81.035 mm (3.190'')  |               |
| MX-2, G.P.                             | 250cc           | 80 mm (3.150'')        | 80.035 mm (3.151'')  |               |
| Cylinder / sleeve interfe              | rence fit       |                        |                      |               |
|  | 125cc           | 0.072 mm (.003'')      | 0.121 mm (.005'')    |               |
|  | 175cc           | 0.072 mm (.003'')      | 0.121 mm (.005'')    |               |

|  | WHEN FITTING        | G NEW PARTS         |                |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|----------------|
|  | MINIMUM             | MAXIMUM             | WEAR<br>LIMIT  |
| Cylinder / sleeve interference fit (continued) 250cc   | 0.09 mm (.0035'')   | 0.146 mm (.0057'')  |                |
|  | 0.03 11111 (.0033 7 | 0.14011111 (.0037-7 |                |
| CRANKSHAFT / CRANKCASE   |                     |                     |                |
| Crankshaft end play  |                     | 0.3 mm (.012'')     |                |
| Crankshaft excentricity  |                     | 0.05 mm (.002'')    |                |
| Crankshaft blade width   |                     |                     |                |
| 125cc  | 45.95 mm (1.809'')  | 46.05 mm (1.813'')  |                |
| 175cc  | 45.95 mm (1.809'')  | 46.05 mm (1.813'')  |                |
| 250cc  | 48.95 mm (1.927'')  | 49.05 mm (1.931'')  |                |
| Connecting rod side play in crankshaft   | 0.25 mm (.010'')    | .427 mm (.017'')    | 0.7 mm (.028'' |
| Crankpin interference fit  |                     |                     |                |
| 125, 175cc   | 0.076 mm (.003'')   | 0.095 mm (.0037'')  |                |
| 250cc  | 0.082 mm (.0032'')  | 0.101 mm (.004'')   |                |
| Connecting rod to crankpin clearance   |                     |                     | 0.2 mm (.008'' |
| Connecting rod to piston pin radial clearance  |                     |                     | 0.1 mm (.004'' |
| Piston pin outside diameter<br>125, 175, 250cc   | 18 mm (.7086'')     |                     |                |
| Depth of groove caused by crankshaft seals   |                     | 0.15 mm (.006'')    |                |
| Ball bearings clearances (All axial)   |                     |                     | 0.1 mm / 004/  |
| Ball bearings clearances (all radial)  |                     |                     | 0.1 mm (.004'  |
| Out to be falled to the fall of the fall o |                     |                     | 0.05 mm (.002  |
| Crankshaft balance factor  | 400/                |                     |                |
| 125cc  | 40%                 |                     |                |
| 175cc  | 50%                 |                     |                |
| 250cc  | 35%                 |                     |                |
| Clearance between bearing and polyamid ring  |                     |                     | 0.1 mm (.004'  |
| Disc valve rotational play   |                     |                     |                |
|  |                     |                     | 1.2 mm (.047'  |

|  | WHEN FITTING NEW PARTS |                                       |                  |
|--|------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|
|  | MINIMUM                | MAXIMUM                               | WEAR<br>LIMIT    |
| CLUTCH   |                        |                                       |                  |
| Radial clearance of clutch drum needle bearing   |                        |                                       | 0.06 mm (.0024'' |
| Rotational play between slots of clutch drum and friction plate area   |                        |                                       | 1 mm (.040'')    |
| Rotational play between the splines of clutch hub and the teeth of driven plate  |                        |                                       | 0.7 mm (.028'')  |
| Thickness of friction plate  | 3.5 mm (.138'')        |                                       | 0.4 mm (.016'')  |
| TRANSMISSION   | •                      |                                       |                  |
| Shifter shaft end play   | 0.03 mm (.001′′)       | 1.18 mm (.046'')                      |                  |
| Shifter drum end play T'NT MX  |                        | 0.035 mm (.013'')<br>0.47 mm (.018'') |                  |
| Kick starter shaft end play  | 0.02 mm (.0007'')      | 0.74 mm (.029'')                      |                  |
| Shifter shaft radial clearance   | 0.127 mm (.005'')      | 0.152 mm (.006'')                     |                  |
| Needle bearing radial play   |                        |                                       | 0.08 mm (.003'') |
| Axial clearance between shift fork and groove in gear  |                        |                                       | 0.5 mm (.020'')  |
| Axial clearance between pin of shift forks and groove in shift drum (Measured with shifter drum indexed in each gear except neutral) |                        |                                       | 0.4 mm (.015'')  |
| Main shaft end play  |                        | 0.1 mm (.004'')                       |                  |
| Clutch shaft end play  |                        | 0.1 mm (.004'')                       |                  |

